

West Bengal Act X of 1956
THE WEST BENGAL LAND REFORMS ACT, 1955.

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REPEALED

		... Nil. Act	
West Ben.	xxiii of J 1957. Act VI of	West Ben. Act XII of 1976.	
West Ben.	1960. ActXVUI of 1960.	West Ben. Act XXXIV of 1977. West	
West Ben.	Act XVI of 1962. Act	Ben. Act XXXVII of 1978. West Ben.	
West Ben.	XVIIU of 1965. Act XI of	Act XXXIX of 1978. West Ben, Act	
West Ben.	1966. Act XI of 1969.	XLI of 1980. West Ben. Act L of	
AMENDED	West Ben. ActXXmof 1969. Act XII	1981.	
West Ben.	of 1972, Act xxviii of	West Ben. Act V of 1986.	
West Ben.	1972. Actxxxm of 1974.	West Ben. Act XIX of 1986, West	
West Ben.	ActXXIII of 1975,	Ben. Act XXXV of 1986. West Ben.	
West Ben.		Act XXIII of 1989. West Ben. Act	
West Ben.		XXIV of 1990. West Ben. Act XXIV	

1 The State of Bihar and West Bengal by s. 3 of the Bihar and West Bengal (Transfer of Territories) Act, 1956 (XL of 1956).

For the Statement of Objects and Reasons, see the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, dated the 10th December, 1954, Part IVA, page 1765. For Report of the Joint Select Committee, see *Calcutta Co. file. Hurala* dated 10th August, 1955, Part IVA, page 1215. For proceedings of the West Bengal Legislative Assembly, see the proceedings of the meetings of the West Bengal Legislative Assembly held on the 24th and 25th February, 1955, Part I, pages 101 and 102, and the 28th, 29th and 30th September, 1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 10th and 11th October, 1955, Part I, pages 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981).

The words, figures and just brackets within the square brackets were substituted for the words and figures "except the areas described in Schedule I of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1951, as deemed to have been amended under section 594 of that Act." by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act V of 1986).

CHAPTER I
Preliminary.

The provisions of clause (2), clause (7) including the Explanation thereto, clause (8) and clause (9) of section 2, section 3, see section 16, see section 17 [except sub-section (3) [hereof], section 18, section 19, section 20, section 21, section 59 [so far as it relates to clause (7) thereof] and section 60 came into force in all the districts of West Bengal with effect from the 31st March, 1956, vide notification No. 6346L. Ref., dated the 30th March, 1956, published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, dated the 31st March, 1956, Part I, page 679. The provisions of section 57 came into force on the 1st September, 1957, in all the districts of West Bengal except in the district of Purulia and except in the police-stations of Chopra, Karandighi, Islampur and Goalpokhar of the Raiganj subdivision in the district of West Dinajpur. vide notification No. 19990-L. Ref., dated the 13th August, 1957, published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, dated the 17th August, 1957, Part I, page 3239. The provisions of clause (12) of section 1 came into force on the 15th January, 1958, in all the districts of West Bengal except in the district of Purulia and except in the police-stations of Chopra, Karandighi, Islampur and Goalpokhar of the Raiganj subdivision in the district of West Dinajpur, vide notification No. 624L. Ref., dated the 14th January, 1958, published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, dated the 14th January, 1958, Part I, page 79. The provisions of sections 19A and 19B came into force on the 16th February, 1958, in all the districts of West Bengal except in the district of Purulia and except in the police-stations of Chopra, Karandighi, Islampur and Goalpokhar of the Raiganj subdivision in the district of West Dinajpur, vide notification No. 2730L. Ref., dated the 13th February, 1958, published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, dated the 13th February, 1958, Part I, page 489. Clause (1J) of sec. 2 and sees. 4(3), 6, 8, 9, 10, 54 and 55 came into force on the 22.10.63, in all the districts of West Bengal except in the areas transferred from Bihar to West Bengal under Act 40 of 1956, vide notification No. 179SSL. Ref., dated 12.10.63, published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, or 1963, Part I, page 3522a. Section 17(3) came into force on 12.12.63, in all the districts of West Bengal except in the areas transferred from Bihar to West Bengal under Act 40 of 1956, vide notification No. 20818L. Ref., dated 9.12.63, published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, of 1963, Part I, page 4091. Clause (6) of sec. 2, sees. 4(1), (2), (4) and (5), 4, 14, 15, 49 and 58 came into force on the 7.6.65, in all the districts of West Bengal except in the areas transferred from Bihar to West Bengal under Act 40 of 1956, vide notification No. 8144L. Ref., dated the 4.6.65, published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, of 1965, Part I, page 1195. Sub-sections (1), (3), (4) and (6A) of section 2, sub-section (2A), (2B) and (2C) of sec. 4, sec. 4A, sec. 11, sec. 12, all the provisions of Chapter IIA, proviso to sub-section (1) and sub-section (2A), (2B), and (6) of sec. 13, sub-section (3) and (4) of sec. 19, all the provisions of Chapters IV, VII and VIII, section 56, and clauses (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6) of sec. 59 came into force in all the districts of West Bengal except in the areas transferred from Bihar to West Bengal under Act 40 of 1956, vide notification No. 14810L. Ref., dated the 25.9.65, published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, of 1965, Part I, pages 3769-3770.

The West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.

1. (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.

(2) It extends to the whole of West Bengal except the area described in Schedule I of the Calcutta Municipal Corporation Act, 1980, but not excepting the area included in the said Schedule, which, immediately before the coming into force of the Calcutta Municipal Corporation (Amendment) Act, 1983, was comprised in the municipality of Jadavpur, South Suburban or Garden Reach:]

Provided that the State Government may, from time to time by notification in the *Official Gazette*, extend and bring into force the

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provisions of this Act, in whole or in part, to such part or parts of the area described in Schedule I to the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1951, with effect from such date or dates as may be specified in the notification.

(3) This section shall come into force at once and the remaining provisions of this Act, in whole or in part, shall come into force on such date or dates and in such district or part of a district as the State Government may from time to time by notification in the *Official Gazette* specify.

Declaration¹ A. It is hereby declared that this Act is for giving effect to the policy of the State towards securing the principles specified in clauses (b) and (c) of article 39 of the Constitution of India.

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2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or Definitions, context,—⁶

(1) "agricultural year" means the Bengali year commencing on the first day of *Baisakh*¹

(2) "*bargadar*" means a person who under the system generally known as *itdhi*, *barga* or *bhag* cultivates the land of another person on condition of delivering a share of the produce of such land to that person [and includes a person who under the system generally known as *kisani*—(or by any other description) cultivates the land of another person on condition of receiving a share of the produce of such land from that person;]

³*Explanation*.—A *bargadar* shall continue to be a *bargadar* until cultivation by him is lawfully terminated under this Act;

"certificate" means a certificate signed under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913;

(4) "Collector" means the Collector of a district or any other officer appointed by the State Government to discharge any _____ of the functions of a Collector under this Act;

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of 1913.

(5) "consolidation" includes re-arrangement of parcels of land comprised in a holding or in different holdings for the purpose of rendering such holding or holdings more compact;

(6) "holding" means the land or lands held by a *raiyat* and treated as a unit for assessment of revenue;

¹(6A) "incumbrance" means any lien, easement or other right or interest created by a *raiyat* on his holding or in limitation of his own interest therein, but does not include the right of the *bargadar* to cultivate the land of the holding;

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 2(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 [West Ben. Act XII of 1972].

The words within the first brackets were inserted by s. 5(a)(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981). w.e.f. 7.3.69. The '*Explanation*' was added by s. 5(a)(ii), *ibid*.

* Clause (6 A) was inserted with retrospective effect by s. 2(1) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965V)

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- (7) "land" means land of every description and includes lank, lank-fishery, fishery, homeslead, or land used for the purpose of live-stock breeding, poultry farming, dairy or land comprised in lea garden, mill, factory, workshop, orchard, *hat*, *bazar*, *ferries*, tolls or land having any other *sairati* interests, and any other land together with all interests, and benefits arising out of land and things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything attached to earth;

Explanation. 'Homestead' shall have the same meaning as in the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act, 1953.¹

- (8) "Personal cultivation" means cultivation by a person of his own land on his own account
- (a) by his own labour, or
 - (b) by the labour of any member of his family, or
 - (c) by servants or labourers on wages payable in cash or in kind (not being as a share of the produce) or both:

Provided that such person or member of his family resides for the greater part of the year in the locality where the land is situated and the principal source of his income is [produce of] such land.

Explanation. The term "family" shall have the same meaning as in clause (c) of section 14K.

- (9) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made by the State Government under this Act;

- ⁵(9A) "prescribed authority" means an authority appointed by the State Government, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, for all or any of the purposes of this Act;

¹Clause (7) was substituted for the original clause by 5(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69. Prior to this substitution, the words "but does not include tank", were inserted at the end of original clause (7), by s. 2(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

²The first brackets and words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 2(iii).
ibid.

The 'Proviso' and the 'Explanation' were added to clause (8) by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1977 (West Ben. Act XXXIV of 1977).

³The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "produced from" by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1978 (West Ben. Act XXXIX of 1978), w.e.f. 3.2.78.

⁵Clause (9A) was inserted by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act,

- (10) "raiyat" means a person or an institution holding land for any purposes whatsoever;
- (11) "revenue" means whatever is lawfully payable or deliverable in money or kind or both by a *raiyat* under the provisions of this Act in respect of the land held by him;
- (12) "Revenue Officer" means any officer whom the State Government may appoint by name or by virtue of his office to discharge any of the functions of a Revenue Officer in any area;
- (13) "Scheduled Tribe" shall have the same meaning as in clause (25) of article 366 of the Constitution of India.

3. The provisions of this Act shall have effect notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith in any other law for the time being in force or in any custom or usage or contract, express or implied, or agreement or decree or order or decision or award or a court, tribunal or other authority.

3A. (1) The rights and interests of all non-agricultural tenants and under-tenants under the "West Bengal Non-Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1949 shall vest in the State free from all encumbrances, and the provisions of sections 5 and 5A of the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act, 1953 shall apply, with such modifications as may be necessary, *mutatis mutandis* to all such non-agricultural tenants and under-tenants as if such non-agricultural tenants and under-tenants were intermediaries and the land held by them were estates and a person holding under a non-agricultural tenant or under-tenant were a *raiyat*.

Explanation. Nothing in sections 5 and 5A of the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act, 1953 shall be construed to affect in any way the vesting of the rights and interests of a non-agricultural tenant or under-tenant under the West Bengal Non-Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1949 in the State under sub-section (1) of this section.

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Act XX of
1949.
West Ben.
Act I of
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Rights of
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Act, 1949 in

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(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), a non-agricultural tenant or under-tenant under the West Bengal Non-Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1949, holding in his *khas* possession any land to which the provisions of sub-section (1) apply, shall, subject to the other provisions of this Act, be entitled to retain as a *raiyyat* the said land which together with other lands, if any, held by him shall not exceed the ceiling area under section 14M.

(3) Every intermediary,

(a) whose land held in his *khas* possession has vested in the State under sub-section (1), or

(b) whose estates or interests, other than land held in his *khas* possession, have vested in the State under sub-section (1),

shall be entitled to receive an amount to be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 14V.

(4) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any land to which the provisions of the Calcutta *Thika* Tenancy (Acquisition and Regulation) Act, 1981, apply.

of 1981.

(5) This section shall be deemed to have come into force on and from the 9th day of September, 1980.

CHAPTER n.

Raiyats,

Rights of
raiyyat
in respect
of
land.

4. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this Act, a *raiyyat* shall on and after the commencement of this Act be the owner of his holding and the holding shall be heritable and transferable.

(2) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall entitle a *raiyyat* to subsoil rights.

(2A) No *raiyyat* shall

(a) quarry sand, or permit any person to quarry sand, from his holding,

or

(b) dig or use, or permit any person to dig or use, earth or clay of his holding for the manufacture of bricks or tiles,

for any purpose, other than his own use, except with the previous permission in writing of the State Government and in accordance with such terms and conditions and on payment of such fees as may be prescribed,

(2B) If any *raiyyat* commits a breach of the provisions of sub-section (2A), the prescribed authority may, after giving in the prescribed manner an opportunity to the *raiyyat* to show cause against the action proposed to be taken, impose upon him a fine not exceeding two thousand rupees, and where the breach is a continuing one, a further fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for each day during which the breach continues. Such fine, if not duly paid, shall be recoverable as a public demand.

(2C) An appeal shall lie from any order made under sub-section (2A) in accordance with the provisions of sections 54 and 55.

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(4) Notwithstanding anything in sub-section (1), the holding of a *raiyyat*, excluding his homestead, ¹[shall vest in the State free from all incumbrances under an order of the prescribed authority made in the prescribed manner] after such enquiry as it thinks fit and after giving the *raiyyat* an opportunity to show cause against the action proposed to be taken if—

- (a) he has without any reasonable cause used the land comprised in the holding or a substantial part thereof for any purpose other than ⁵[that for which it was held by him or settled by the State or directly incidental thereto];
- (b) he has without any reasonable cause ceased to keep the land or any substantial part thereof under personal cultivation ⁴[or has failed to utilise the land consistently with the original purpose of the tenancy or for any purpose directly incidental thereto] for a period of three consecutive years or more except when such land is under a usufructuary mortgage mentioned in section 7;
- (c) he has without any reasonable cause failed to bring the land comprised in the holding or any substantial part (hereof under personal cultivation [or has failed to utilise the land consistently with the original purpose of the tenancy or for any purpose directly incidental thereto] within three consecutive years of the date on which this Act comes into force or of the date on which he came into possession of such land, whichever is later;
- (d) he has let out the whole or any part of the holding:

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall prevent the *raiyyat* from cultivating any part of his holding by a *bargadar*.

(5) On the holding of a *raiyyat* being vested in the State under subsection (4), his ownership therein shall cease and the rights of the lessee, if any, shall terminate and the *raiyyat* shall be entitled to receive an amount to be determined under section 14V.

³4A. (1) In the Sadar sub-division, Kalimpong sub-division and Kursong sub-division of the district of Darjeeling, the Deputy Commissioner of the district may, from time to time, give directions regarding the form of cultivation to be adopted by a *raiyyat* in respect of his holding or prohibiting a *raiyyat* from cutting more than one tree from his holding except with the previous permission in writing of the Deputy Commissioner or such other officer as may be authorised by the State Government in this behalf.

(2) For contravention of any of the directions given under subsection (1), the Deputy Commissioner may, after giving the defaulting *raiyyat* an opportunity to show cause against the action proposed to be taken, impose upon him, by order, a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees which, if not duly paid, shall be recoverable as a public demand.

(3) An appeal, if presented within thirty days from the date of the order appealed against, shall lie to the Commissioner against any order passed by the Deputy Commissioner under sub-section (2) and the decision of the Commissioner shall be final.

Certain res-
Indians on
rights of *raiyyats*
in Sairar,
Kalimpong
and
Kursong sub-
divisions of
Darjeeling
district.

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(Chapter I). ^{4B} Every *raiyat* holding any land shall maintain and preserve Maintenance
Sub-section (1) that its area is not diminished or its character and ,

preservation

is not changed or the land is not converted for any purpose other than of land the purpose for which
it was settled or previously held **except with** the previous order in **writing** of the Collector under
section 4C:

Provided that any *raiyat* may plant and grow trees on any land held by him
within the ceiling area applicable to him and to his family without any previous
order under section 4C, if such land is not cultivated by *bargadar*:

Provided further that without prejudice to the provisions of Chapter IIB of the
Act the provisions of this section shall not apply to the diminution in area or the
change of character of any land or the conversion of any land for any purpose other
than the purpose for which it was settled or previously held, if such diminution or
change of character or conversion was made in accordance with the provisions of
any law for the time being in force.

³4C. (1) A *raiyat* holding any land may apply to the Collector for Permission
change of area or character of such land or for conversion of the same for change of ° area,
for any purpose other than the purpose for which it was settled or was character or **being previously**
used or for alteration in the mode of use of such land. ^{use}

(2) On receipt of such application, the Collector may, after making such
inquiry as may be prescribed and after giving the applicant or the persons interested
in such land or affected in any way an opportunity of being heard, by order in
writing either reject the application or direct such change, conversion or alteration,
as the case may be, on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.

(3) Every order under sub-section (2) directing change, conversion
or alteration shall specify the date from which such change, conversion
or alteration shall take effect.

(4) A copy of the order passed by the Collector directing change,
conversion or alteration, if any, under sub-section (2), or in an appeal therefrom
shall be forwarded to the Revenue Officer referred to in section 50 or section 51, as
the case may be, and such Revenue Officer shall incorporate in the record-of-rights
changes effected by such order and revise the record-of-rights in accordance with
such order.

(5) If the Collector is satisfied that any land is being conveyed for any purpose other than the purpose for which it was settled or was being previously held, or attempts are being made to effect alteration in the mode of use of such land or change of the area or character of such land, he may, by order, restrain the *raiyat* from such act.

Offences and penalties. **4D.** (1) Any change, conversion or alteration in the area, character or mode of use of any land, except in accordance with the provisions of section 4C, or any violation of the order of the Collector under subsection (5) of section 4C, shall be an offence punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three years or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both:

Provided that no prosecution shall lie for an offence under this subsection in a case where an action has already been taken by the prescribed authority under sub-section (4) of section 4:

Provided further that no prosecution shall lie for any diminution in area or change of character of any land or any conversion in the use of any land if such diminution or change of character or conversion was made in accordance with the provisions of any law for the time being in force: '

(2) No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under sub-section (1) except on a complaint in writing made by the Collector or by an officer authorised by him in that behalf.

4E. No transfer (including sales in execution of a decree of a civil court or for recovery of arrears of land revenue) of any land or interest in such land within an urban agglomeration as defined in the Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Act, 1976, or within any part of such urban agglomeration, as may be specified by the State Government by notification in the *Official Gazette* and used mainly for agriculture or as an orchard, without any order in writing of the Collector shall be valid and no registering authority shall, notwithstanding the provisions of the Registration Act, 1908, register a document of such transfer unless order of the Collector in writing permitting such transfer is produced:

Bar in registration. Provided that an application made to the Collector for permission for any such transfer made of one's own motion or for registration of a transfer in execution of a decree of a civil court shall be disposed of by the Collector within sixty days of the filing of the application failing which it shall be within the rights of the registering authority to register the document of the transfer. 33 of 1976.

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The West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.
(Chapter I!ô Raiyats.ô Section 4.)

5. (1) A transfer of the holding of a *raiayat* or a share or portion thereof shall be made by an instrument which must be registered and holding of a the registering officer shall not accept for registration any such instrument unless

- (a) the sale price, or where there is no sale price, the value of the holding or portion or share thereof transferred, is stated therein; ^{2* *}
- (b) there is tendered along with it,
 - (i) a notice giving the particulars of the transfer in the prescribed form for transmission to the prescribed authority;
 - (ii) such notices and process fees as may be required by sub-section (4);
- (c) the purpose for which the land shall be used by the transferee is stated therein; and
- (d) such purpose for use of the land by the transferee is consistent with the purpose for which the land was settled or was being used and is not contrary to the provisions of section 4B, section 4C, section 4E or section 49.

*Explanation.*ô The purposes under clauses (c) and (d) shall include agriculture, horticulture, animal husbandry, trade, manufacture, entertainment, recreation, sport and such other purposes.

(2) In case of bequest of such holding or portion or share thereof, no court shall grant Probate or Letters of Administration until the applicant files in the prescribed form a notice giving particulars of the bequest together with the prescribed process fee for transmission to the prescribed authority.

(3) No court or Revenue Officer shall confirm the sale of such a holding or portion or share thereof put to sale in execution of a decree or certificate and no court shall make a decree or order absolute for foreclosure of a mortgage of such a holding or portion or share thereof, until the purchaser or the mortgagee, as the case may be, files a notice or notices similar to, and deposits process fees of the same amount as that referred to in sub-section (1).

The word "and" was omitted by s. 11(1)(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

Clauses (c) and (d) were inserted by s. 11(1)(b), *ibid*, w.e.f. 7.8.69.

(4) If the transfer of a portion or share of such a holding be one to which the provisions of section 8 apply, there shall be filed by the transferor or transferee giving particulars of the transfer in the prescribed form together with the process fees prescribed for the service thereof on all the co-sharers of the said holding who are not parties to the transfer and for affixing a copy thereof in the office of the registering officer or the court house or the office of the Revenue Officer, as the case may be, as well as for affixing a copy on the holding.

(5) The court, the Revenue Officer or the registering officer, as the case may be, shall transmit the notice to the authority referred to in subclause (i) of clause (b) of sub-section (1) who shall serve the notices on the co-sharers referred to in sub-section (4) by registered post and shall cause copies of the notice to be affixed on the holding and in the court house or in the office of the Revenue Officer, or of the registering officer, as the case may be.

Explanation. In this section

- (a) "transferor", "transferee", "purchaser" and "mortgagee" include their successors-in-interest, and
- (b) "transfer" does not include a simple or usufructuary mortgage or mortgage by deposit of title deeds.

6. *[(Limitation on transfer.)—Omitted by s. 5 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).]*

7. (1) A mortgage by a *raiyyat* of his holding or any share thereof other than

Limitation on mortgage of *raiyyati* holdings.

- (a) a simple mortgage, or
- (b) a usufructuary mortgage for a period not exceeding fifteen years,³ [or]
- " (c) a mortgage by deposit of title deeds in favour of

(i) a scheduled bank as defined in the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, or

The word within the square brackets was omitted by s. 11 (2) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.c.f. 7,8,69.

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "partition or simple or usufructuary mortgage" by s. 4 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

The word "or" was inserted by s. 6(i), *ibid.*

Clause (c) was first inserted by s. 6(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972). Then the same was substituted by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1990 (West Ben. Act XXIV of 1990).

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(Chapter I.ô Raiyats.ô Section 4.)

- (ii) a co-operative land mortgage bank registered or deemed to be registered under any law for the time being in force, or
- (iii) a public financial institution referred to in section 4A i of 1956, of the Companies Act, 1956, or
- (iv) a corporation owned or controlled by the Central Government or the State Government or by both the Central Government and the State Government, or
- (v) the International Finance Corporation established under the Agreement as defined in clause (a) of 42 of 1958. section 2 of the International Finance Corporation (Status, Immunities and Privileges) Act, 1958, or
- (vi) such other financial institution, by whatever name called, established or registered under any law for the time being in force, as the State Government or the Central Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, specify, for the purpose of obtaining loan or financial assistance [including debenture as defined in clause (12) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 1956] for the development of the land comprised in the holding of such *raiayat* or for the improvement of any agricultural production (including horticulture or fishery) or for the development or improvement of any plantation or for the establishment or development of any industry, livestock breeding, dairy, poultry farming, commercial unit, educational centre, health centre, public recreation centre or research centre upon such land or for the promotion and holding of sports or cultural or philanthropical activity upon such land or for the construction of any housing estate for *bona fide* residential purpose or any building for providing accommodation for any office upon such land or for such other activity as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, specify,

shall be void.

- (2) A usufructuary mortgage referred to in clause (b) of subsection (1) may be redeemed at any time before the expiry of the

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(Chapter I. Raiyats. Section 4.)

Right of g. (1) If a portion or share of a holding of a *raiyat* is transferred
co-sharer¹⁰ any person other than a co-sharer in the holding, [the *bargadar* in contiguous the holding
may, within three months of the date of such transfer, or] any co-sharer *raiyat* of the holding
may, within three months or the

service of the notice given under sub-section (5) of section 5, or any *raiyat*
possessing land adjoining such holding may, within four months of the date of such
transfer, apply to the [Munsif having territorial jurisdiction], for transfer of the
said portion or share of the holding to him, subject to the limit mentioned in
[section 14-M] on deposit of the consideration money together with a further sum
of ten *per cent*, of that amount:

**'Provided that if the *bargadar* in the holding, a co-sharer *raiyat* and a *raiyat*
possessing land adjoining such holding apply for such transfer, the *bargadar* shall
have the prior right to have such portion or share of the holding transferred to him,
and in such a case, the deposit made by others shall be refunded to them:**

[Provided further that where the *bargadar* does not apply for such transfer and]
a co-sharer *raiyat* and a *raiyat* possessing land adjoining such holding both apply
for such transfer, the former shall have the prior right to have such portion or share
of the holding transferred to him, and in such a case, the deposit made by the latter
shall be refunded to him:

&[Provided also] that as amongst *raiyats* possessing lands adjoining such
holding preference shall be given to the *raiyat* having the longest common
boundary with the land transferred.

(2) Nothing in this section shall apply to

- (a) a transfer by exchange or by partition, or,
- (b) a transfer by bequest or gift [or *heba-bij-cwa2*], or,

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 12(1)(a) of the West Bengal Land
Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "Revenue Officer" daily
empowered by the State Government in this behalf by s. 7(i)(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms
(Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

The word, figures and Teller within the square brackets were substituted for the words, brackets
and figures "sub-section (3) of section A" by s. 7(i)(b). *ibid.*

The proviso added by s. 12(1)(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981
(West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "Provided that if" by s. 12(1)
(c). *ibid.*, w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "Provided further" by s.
12(1)(c). *ibid.*, w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 7(ii)(a) of the West Bengal Land
Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

- (c) a *** mortgage mentioned in section 7, or,
- (d) a transfer for charitable or religious purposes or both without reservation of any pecuniary benefit ³[for any individual, or,]
- ²(e) a transfer of land in favour of a *bargadar*, in respect of such land if after such transfer, (he transferee holds as a *raiyat* land not exceeding one acre (or 0.4047 hectare) in area in the aggregate.

⁶*Explanation.* All orders passed and the consequences thereof under sections 8, 9 and 10 shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter IIB.

³(3) Every application pending before a Revenue Officer at the commencement of section 7 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972, shall, on such commencement, stand transferred to, and be disposed of by, the Munsif having jurisdiction in relation to the area in which the land is situated and on such transfer every such application shall be dealt with from the stage at which it was so transferred and shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this Act, as amended by the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.

Wcsl Ben.
Act XII of
1972.

9. (1) On the deposit mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 8 being made, the "[Munsif] shall give notice of the application to the transferee, and shall also cause a notice to be affixed on the land for the information of persons interested. On such notice being served, the transferee or any person interested may appear within the time specified in the notice and prove the consideration money paid for the transfer and other sums, if any, properly paid by him in respect of the lands including any sum paid for annulling encumbrances created prior to the date of transfer, and rent or revenue, cesses or taxes for any period. The⁴[Munsif] may after such enquiry as he considers necessary direct the applicant to deposit such further sum, if any, within the time specified by him and

[Munsif] to
allow the
application and
apportion lands
in certain
cases.

The word "usufructuary" was omitted by s. 7(ii)(b) of [the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972] (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "for any individual" by s. 12(2)(la) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (Wcsl Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

²Clause (e) was inserted by s. 12(2)(a), *ibid.*, w.e.f. 7.8.69,
was added by s. 12(2)(b), *ibid.*, w.e.f. 7.8.69,
by s. 8(i), *ibid.*

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(Chapter II.ô Raiyats.ô Section 4.)

X of 1956.]

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(Chapter II.ô Raiyats.ô Section 9.)

on such sum being deposited, he shall make an order that the amount
" of the consideration money together with such other sums as are proved to have been paid
by the transferee or (he person interested plus ten *per cent*, of the consideration
money be paid to the transferee or the person interested out of the money in deposit,
the remainder, if any, being refunded to the applicant. The [Munsif] shall then
make a further order that the portion or share of the holding be transferred to the
applicant and on such order being made, the portion or share of the holding shall
vest in the applicant.

(2) When any person acquires the right, title and interest of the transferee in
such holding by succession or otherwise, the right, title and interest acquired by him
shall be subject to the right conferred by subsection (1) of section 8 on a co-sharer
raiyyat or a *raiyyat* possessing land adjoining the holding.

(3) In making an order under sub-section (1) in favour of more than one co-
sharer *raiyyat* or *raiyyat* holding adjoining land, the [Munsif] may apportion the
portion or share of the holding in such manner and on such terms as he deems
equitable.

(4) Where any portion or share of a holding is transferred to the applicant
under sub-section (1), such applicant shall be liable to pay all arrears of revenue in
respect of such portion or share of the holding that may be outstanding on the date
of the order.

(5) The [Munsif] shall send a copy of his order as modified on appeal, if any,
under sub-section (6) to the prescribed authority for correction of the record-of-
rights.

<6J Any person aggrieved by an order of the [Munsif] under this section may
appeal to the [District Judge] having jurisdiction over the area in which the land is
situated, within thirty days from the date of such order and the [District Judge]
shall send a copy of his order to the [Munsif]. The fees to be paid by the parties and
the procedure to be followed by the [District Judge] shall be such as may be
prescribed.

³(7) Every appeal pending before an Additional District Magistrate at the commencement of
section 8 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972, shall, on such
commencement, stand transferred to the [District Judge] and be disposed of by, the District Judge having
jurisdiction in

relation to the area in which the land is situated and on such transfer, every such appeal shall be dealt with
from the stage at which it was so transferred and shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this
Act, as amended by the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.

10. On an order under section 9 being made

- (a) the right, title and interest of the *raiyyat* and of the transferee or of the person mentioned in sub-
section (2) of section 9 who acquires any right, title and interest in the holding shall vest in the
raiyyat whose application for transfer has been allowed by the Revenue Officer or by the
Munsif [or, after the commencement of section 8 of the West Bengal Land Reforms
(Amendment) Act, 1971, by the Additional District Magistrate, or, after the commencement of
the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972, by the District Judge,] on appeal:

Provided that the transferee or the person mentioned in sub-section (2) of section 9 shall

have the right to take away the crops which he might have grown on the land before the date of the order;

- (b) the *raiyat* whose application has been so allowed shall be liable for any revenue accruing from the date of the order.

West Ben.
Act XII of
1972.

11. (1) If the holding of a *raiyat* or a portion of it is lost by diluvion, the revenue of the holding shall, on application made by the *raiyat* in the prescribed form to the Revenue Officer, be remitted or abated by an amount which, in the opinion of the Revenue Officer, is fair.

(2) The right, title and interest of the *raiyat* shall subsist in such holding or portion during the period of loss by diluvion not exceeding twenty years and the *raiyat* shall re-appearance at any time within that period have the right to possession thereof and be liable to pay such revenue as in the opinion of the Revenue Officer is fair.

President's
Act 3 of
1971.

²12. Any land gained by gradual accession to a holding, whether from the recess of a river or of the sea, shall vest in the State Government and the *raiyat* who owns the holding shall not be entitled to retain such land as an accretion thereto.

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The West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.

(Chapter I. Raiyats. Section 13. Restriction on alienation of land by Scheduled Tribes.—Omitted with retrospective effect by s. 6 of West Ben. Act XVII of 1965.)

Partition of holding among co-sharer (1) Partition of a holding among co-sharer raiyats owning it shall be made either by

- (a) a registered instrument; or
- (b) a decree or order of a court.

(2) When partition is effected by an instrument, the registering officer shall not accept for registration any such instrument unless there is tendered along with it a notice, giving the particulars of the holding and the area of each share, and such process fee as may be prescribed, for transmission to the prescribed authority.

(3) If as a result of partition one or more shares comprise an area less than the standard area

- (a) the prescribed authority in a case where partition is effected by a registered instrument, or
- (b) the court passing the decree or order for partition,

shall recast the shares, excluding the homesteads of the co-sharers, so that no share is less than the standard area, and sell such shares, or when the holding comprises an area which cannot be partitioned into two or more shares, each comprising not less than the standard area, sell the entire holding to the highest bidder or bidders among the co-sharers, or failing them to other persons, and the sale proceeds shall, after deducting the expenses for conducting the sale, be paid to the co-sharers in accordance with their shares in the holding partitioned, excluding the interest.

(4) If the holding or any share or shares thereof cannot be sold as aforesaid, the prescribed authority or the court shall report the case to the State Government and the State Government shall, by order made in this behalf, take over such holding or share or shares and shall place at the disposal of the prescribed authority or the court, as the case may be, the market value thereof for payment to the co-sharers in the manner indicated in sub-section (3).

(5) For the purpose of preventing fragmentation of holdings as a result of partition the State Government may by order made in this behalf specify an area, which in its opinion is the minimum unit for effective utilisation⁵ in the interest of production⁵ [or in the public interest], as the standard area, and different standard areas may be specified for different localities or for different classes of land.

(Chapter HA.—Restrictions on alienation of land by Scheduled Tribes.—Sections 14A-14C.)

(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force or in any agreement or any custom or usage or any decree, judgment or award or any court, no partition amongst co-sharer raiyats and co-parceners of a Hindu Undivided family governed by the Mitakshara School of Hindu Law shall have any force unless such partition is made by registered instrument or by a decree or order of a Court and is effected by metes and bounds; and both the conditions having been fulfilled, any such partition shall be deemed to have come into force from the date of registration or the date of partition or the date of final decree or

⁵The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "to the same Scheduled Tribe to which the transferor belongs" by s. 10(r)(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

order of a Court, as the case may be, or from the date of effecting partition by metes and bounds, whichever is earlier.

-CHAPTER IIA.

Restrictions on alienation of land by Scheduled Tribes.

14A. The provisions of this Chapter shall have effect notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained elsewhere in this Act.

Provisions of Chapter 11A override other provisions of this Act.

14B. Save as provided in section 14C, any transfer by a *raiyat* belonging to a Scheduled Tribe of his holding or part thereof shall be void.

Restrictions on alienation of land by Scheduled Tribes.

14C. (1) A *raiyat* belonging to a Scheduled Tribe may transfer his holding or part thereof in any one of the following ways, namely:

Modes of transfer of land by Scheduled Tribes.

- (a) by a complete usufructuary mortgage entered into with a person belonging to a Scheduled Tribe for a period not exceeding seven years;
- (b) by sale or gift to the Government for a public or charitable purpose;
- (c) by simple mortgage to the Government or to a registered Co-operative Society;

(Chapter IIA—Restrictions on alienation of land by Scheduled Tribes.—Section 14C.)

(cc) by simple mortgage or mortgage by deposit of title deeds in favour of a scheduled bank, a co-operative land mortgage bank or a corporation, owned or controlled by the Central or State Government, or by both, for the development of land or improvement of agricultural production;

(d) by gift or will to a person belonging to a Scheduled Tribe;

³(e) by sale or exchange in favour of any person belonging to a Scheduled Tribe:

Provided that any such raiyat may, with the previous permission, in writing, of the Revenue Officer, transfer by sale his holding or any part thereof to a person not belonging to any Scheduled Tribe:

Provided further that no such permission shall be granted by the Revenue Officer unless he is satisfied that no purchaser belonging to a Scheduled Tribe is willing to pay the fair market price of the holding or any part thereof and that the proposed sale is intended to be made for one or more of the following purposes, namely:—

(a) for the improvement of any other part of the holding, or
(b) for investment, or

(c) for such other purposes as may be prescribed.

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(3) A complete usufructuary mortgage referred to in sub-section (1) may be redeemed at any time before the expiry of the term.

(4) A mortgagor under a complete usufructuary mortgage intending to redeem such mortgage before the expiry of its term or any person acting on his behalf, may make an application for redemption in such form and containing such particulars as may be prescribed to the Revenue Officer. On receipt of such application the Revenue Officer shall after service of notice to the mortgagee make an enquiry in the prescribed manner and pass a preliminary order declaring the amount due under such mortgage to the mortgagee at the date of such order and fixing a

¹Clause (cc) was inserted by s. 10(i)(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

²Clause (d) was substituted for the original clause by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XXVIII of 1972).

³Clause (c) was substituted for the original clause by s. 10(i)(c) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

⁴Sub-section (2) was omitted by s. 10(ii), *ibid.*

(Chapter HA.—Restrictions on alienation of land by Scheduled Tribes.—Section 14D.)

date for payment of such amount by the mortgagor. If the mortgagor pays such amount by the date so fixed the Revenue Officer shall make a final order directing the mortgagee to restore possession of the mortgaged property and to deliver up the mortgage-deed, to the mortgagor.

(5) A final order made under sub-section (4) shall be executed by the Revenue Officer in such manner as may be prescribed.

Explanation. In this section "complete usufructuary mortgage" means a transfer by a *raiyat* of the right of possession in any land for the purpose or securing the payment of money or (the return of grain advanced or to be advanced by way of loan upon the condition that the loan, with all interest thereon, shall be deemed to be extinguished by the profits arising from the land during the period of the mortgage.

14D (1) No transfer of any land or any interest in such land by a *raiyat* belonging to a Scheduled Tribe shall be valid unless made by a registered instrument.

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(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Registration Act, 1908 or in any other law for the time being in force, no instrument of transfer or dealing with land or interest in such land by a *raiyat* belonging to the Scheduled Tribe made in contravention of the provisions of this Chapter shall be recognised as valid by any court, officer or authority exercising civil, criminal or revenue jurisdiction and no registering officer shall register any such instrument unless he is satisfied that the instrument does not contravene any or the provisions of this Chapter.

(3) If, in course of registration of any instrument referred to in subsection (2) or in any proceeding relating to the registration of such instrument or in any proceeding before any civil, criminal or revenue court, any question arises as to whether the *raiyat* executing such instrument belongs to the Scheduled Tribe or as to whether such instrument has been made in contravention of the provisions of this Chapter, the registering officer or other officer or authority exercising powers under the Registration Act 1908 or the civil, criminal or revenue court before whom such question arises, shall refer such question to the Revenue Officer referred to in section 14C and shall give effect to the decision of the Revenue Officer.

Section 14D was substituted for the original section by s. 14 of the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.

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Chapter 11A.—Restrictions on alienation of land by Scheduled Tribes.—Section 14E.)

X of 1956.] *The West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.* 605

14E (1) If a transfer of a holding or any portion thereof is made by a raiyat belonging to a Scheduled Tribe in contravention of the provisions of section 14C, or if the permission for the transfer is found, after an inquiry in the prescribed manner, to have been obtained by misrepresentation or fraud] or if in the case of a complete usufructuary mortgage referred to in clause (a) * * * of sub-section (1) of section 14C, the transferee has continued or is in possession for more than seven years from the date of the transfer, the Revenue Officer may, of his own motion or on an application made in that behalf, and after giving the transferee an opportunity of being heard, by an order in writing, annul the transfer, where necessary, and eject the transferee from such holding or part thereof:

Power to Revenue Officer to set aside improper transfers by : in. 1.1.

Provided that the transferee whom it is proposed to eject has not been in continuous possession for [thirty years] under the transfer made in contravention of section 14C, or in the case of a complete usufructuary mortgage referred to in clause (a) * * * of sub-section (1) of section 14C, for [twenty years] from the expiry of the [period of seven years, notwithstanding anything contained in the Limitation Act, 1963].

(2) When the Revenue Officer has passed any order under subsection (1), he shall restore the transferred holding or part thereof to the transferor or his successor-in-interest.

(3) For the purpose of restoration of possession of any land and evicting any person in actual occupation of such land under sub-section (2), any such Revenue Officer may use such force as may be required for evicting the person in actual occupation of such land and may send a written requisition in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed to the officer-in-charge of the local police station having jurisdiction or to any police officer superior in rank to such officer-in-charge, and on receipt of such written requisition, the police officer concerned shall render all necessary lawful assistance for enforcing delivery of possession of such land:

Act 36 of 1963,

¹See footnote 2 on page 603, ante.
²The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 11(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).
³The words, brackets and [either "or clause (e)"] were omitted by s. 11(ii), *ibid.*
⁴The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 11(iii), *ibid.*
⁵The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "twelve years" by s. 15(1)(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1931 (West Ben. Act L of 1931), w.e.r. 7.8.69.
⁶The words and figures within the square brackets were substituted for the words "period of seven years" by s. 15(1)(b), *ibid.*, w.e.f. 7.8.69.

X of 1956,]

{Chapter IIA.—Restrictions on alienation of land by Scheduled Tribes.—Sections 14F-14G.)

Provided that the provisions of this sub-section shall not be applicable to any person not belonging to the Scheduled Tribe, if he has been owning, possessing or cultivating land not exceeding 0.4047 hectare in area in the aggregate and the transfer was made by a member of the Scheduled Tribe owning, possessing or cultivating land measuring 4 hectares or more in area in the aggregate.

14F. -(1) No decree or order shall be passed by any court for the sale of the holding or any portion thereof, of a *raiyat* belonging to a Scheduled Tribe nor shall any such holding be sold in execution of any decree or order.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 and the Indian Contract Act, 1872, no decree or order relating to any land or interest in such land shall be passed by any court against a *raiyat* belonging to a Scheduled Tribe on the basis of any consent, agreement or compromise. Any such decree or order passed in contravention of this sub-section shall be void.

Restriction on the sale of *raiyat's* holding or any portion thereof.

*14FF. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 or in any other law for the time being in force, any *benami* transaction or instrument relating to any land or any interest therein showing the name of any person belonging to a Scheduled Tribe as the ostensible owner shall be void for all purposes.

(2) No Court shall entertain any suit to enforce any right in respect of any such land or interest in such land against a person belonging to a Scheduled Tribe by or on behalf of a person claiming to be the real owner of such land or interest therein.

Banami transaction or instrument to be void.

Den. Act III of 1913.

Power to the Revenue Officer to settle or sell holding for realisation of certificate dues.

14G. (1) When a certificate is filed for the recovery of an arrear of revenue or any other public demand recoverable under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, in respect of the holding of a *raiyat* belonging to a Scheduled Tribe, the Certificate Officer shall, before a proclamation for sale of the holding is issued in execution of the certificate, refer the case to the Revenue Officer having jurisdiction who may, in his discretion,

- (a) eject the defaulting *raiyat* from his holding and put another person belonging to a Scheduled Tribe in possession of the holding for a period not exceeding seven years on payment of the amount due in respect of the certificate by him, or
 - (b) sell the holding to a member of a Scheduled Tribe, if available, and, if not available, to any other person at a fair market price to be fixed by the Revenue Officer, not being less than the amount due in respect of the certificate: Provided that if the homestead of the defaulting *raiyat* is comprised in the holding, he shall not be ejected from such homestead under clause (a), nor shall such homestead be sold under clause (b).
- (2) (i) If the Revenue Officer puts any person in possession of the holding under clause (a) of sub-section (1) for any period, the amount paid by such

person shall, at the end of such period, be deemed to have been satisfied in full, and the Revenue Officer shall then restore the holding to the defaulting *raiyat*;

- (ii) if the Revenue Officer sells the holding under clause (b) of sub-section (J), any amount that may remain out of the sale-proceeds after satisfaction of the amount due in respect of the certificate shall be paid to the defaulting *raiyat*.

14H. An appeal, if presented within thirty days from the date of the order appealed against, shall lie [to the Munsif having jurisdiction] from any order made under sub-section (4) of section 3 [14C or section 14E] or section 14G and his order shall be final:

Provided that an application for revision or modification of the order passed by the [Munsif on appeal shall lie to the District Judge] if made within sixty days from the date of the order:

Provided further that the provisions of section 5 of the Limitation Act, 1963, shall apply to an appeal under this section,

14HH. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 or in any other law for the time being in force, every court exercising appellate or revisional jurisdiction shall, either of its own motion or on an application made in (his behalf, set aside the sale of land of a *raiyat* belonging to a Scheduled Tribe or any portion of such land in execution of a decree in favour of a person not

Appeal and revision.

Setting aside of sale of land of a *raiyat* belonging to a Scheduled Tribe.

Act 36 of 1963.

5 of 1908.

X of 1956.]

(Chapter HA.—Restrictions on alienation of land by Scheduled Tribes.—Sections 14I.—
Chapter IIB.—Ceiling on Holdings.— Sections 14J, 14K.)

belonging to a Scheduled Tribe, notwithstanding the failure of the party to file any
objection before the court which passed the decree or passed any order for
execution of the decree.

"14I. No suit shall lie in any Civil Court to vary or set aside any order passed by the Revenue Officer in any proceeding under this Chapter except on the ground of fraud or want of jurisdiction. Bar to suits.

~~CHAPTER IIB~~ ~~The West Bengal~~ ~~Land Reforms Act, 1955.~~

³14J. The provisions of this Chapter shall have effect notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained elsewhere in this Act or in any other law for the time being in force or in any custom, usage or contract (express or implied) or in any agreement, decree, order, decision or award of any court, tribunal or other authority: Provisions of Chapter IIB to have overriding effect.

Provided that nothing in this Chapter shall apply to any vacant land in an urban agglomeration as defined in the Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Act, 1976.

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- ³14K. In this Chapter, Definitions,
- (a) "ceiling area" means the extent of land which a *raiyat* shall be entitled to own;
 - (b) "charitable purpose" includes relief of the poor, medical relief or the advancement of education or of any other object of general public utility;
 - (c) "family", in relation to a *raiyat*, shall be deemed to consist of
 - (i) himself and his wife, minor sons, unmarried daughters, if any,
 - (ii) his unmarried adult son, if any, who does not hold any land as a *raiyat*,
 - (iii) his married adult son, if any, where neither such adult son nor the wife nor any minor son or unmarried daughter of such adult son holds any land as a *raiyat*,

- (iv) widow of his predeceased son, in any, where neither such widow nor any minor son or unmarried daughter of such widow holds any land as a *raiyat*,
- (v) minor son or unmarried daughter, if any, of his predeceased son, where the widow of such predeceased son is dead and any minor son or unmarried daughter of such predeceased son does not hold any land as a *raiyat*.
but shall not include any other person.

Explanation J.6 For the purposes of this Chapter, an adult unmarried person shall include a man or woman who has been divorced and who has not remarried thereafter:

Provided that where such divorced man or woman is the guardian of any minor son, or unmarried daughter, or both, he or she, together with such minor son or unmarried daughter, or both, shall be deemed to be a separate family.

Explanation 1L—References in this clause to wife, son or daughter shall, in relation to a *raiyat* who is a woman, be construed as references to the husband, son or daughter, respectively, of such woman;

- (d) "irrigated area" means an area specified as such by the State Government, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, being an area which is, or is in the opinion of the State Government capable of being, irrigated, at any time during the agricultural year commencing on the 1st day of *Baisakh*, 1377 B.S. [or thereafter, from any State canal irrigation project or (State power-driven deep tubewell or shallow tubewell or any other State irrigation project) or State river-lift irrigation project];
- (e) "orchard" means a compact area of land having fruit bearing trees grown thereon in such number that they preclude, or when fully grown would preclude, a substantial part of such land from being used for [any other] purpose;

(Chapter IIB.—Ceiling on Holdings.—Sections 14L, 14M.)

- [West Ben. Act
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- (f) "standard hectare" means,⁶
- (i) in relation to an agricultural land, an extent of land equivalent to—
 - (a) 1.00 hectare in an irrigated area,
 - (b) 1.40 hectares in any other area;
 - (ii) in relation to any land comprised in an orchard, an extent of land equivalent to 1.40 hectares;
 - (iii) in relation to any other land, an extent of land equivalent to 1.40 hectares.

-14L. [Subject to the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 14Q, No raiyat in section 14Y and sub-section (2) of section 14Z, on and from the commencement] of the provisions of this Chapter, no raiyat shall be ceiling area, entitled to own, in the aggregate, any land in excess of the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M.

- 14M.** (1) The ceiling area shall be,⁶ Ceiling area,
- (a) in the case of a raiyat, who is an adult unmarried person, 2.50 standard hectares;
 - (b) in the case of a raiyat, who is the sole surviving member of a family, 2.50 standard hectares;
 - (c) in the case of a raiyat having a family consisting of two or more, but not more than five members, 5.00 standard hectares;
 - (d) in the case of a raiyat having a family consisting of more than five members, 5.00 standard hectares, plus 0.50 standard hectare for each member in excess of five, so, however, that the aggregate of the ceiling area for such raiyat shall not, in any case, exceed 7.00 standard hectares;
 - (e) in the case of any other raiyat, 7.00 standard hectares.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where, in the family of a raiyat, there are more raiyats than one, the ceiling area for the raiyat, together with the ceiling area of all the other raiyats in the family shall not, in any case, exceed,⁶

- (a) where the number of members of such family does not exceed five, 5.00 standard hectares;

(Chapter IIB.—Ceiling on Holdings.—Section 14M.)

- (b) where such number exceeds five, 5.00 standard hectares, " plus 0.50 standard hectare for each member in excess of five, so, however, that the aggregate of the ceiling area shall not, in any case, exceed 7.00 standard hectares.
- (3) For the purposes of sub-section (2), all the lands owned individually by [he

⁶See footnote LC 1 on page 609, ante.

The words, figures, letters and brackets within the square brackets were substituted for the words "On and from commencement" by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1996 (West Ben. Act XXIV of 1996).

members of a family or jointly by some or all the members of such family shall be deemed to be owned by the *raiya*t in the family,

(4) In determining the extent of land owned by the *raiya*t in a family or the sole surviving member of a family or an adult unmarried person, the share of such *raiya*t or *raiya*t, or such sole surviving member, or such adult unmarried person, as the case may be, in the lands owned by a co-operative society, company, co-operative farming society, Hindu undivided family or a Firm shall be taken into account.

The West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955
[X of 1956.]

Explanation. For the purposes of this sub-section, the share of a *raiya*t in a family or the sole surviving member of a family or an adult unmarried person in the lands owned by a co-operative society or a joint family shall be deemed to be the extent of land which would be allotted to such *raiya*t or person had such lands been divided or partitioned, as the case may be.

(5) The lands owned by a trust or endowment other than that of a public nature, shall be deemed to be lands owned by the author of the trust or endowment and such author shall be deemed to be a *raiya*t under this Act to the extent of his share in the said lands, and the share of such author in the said lands shall be taken into account for calculating the area or lands owned and retainable by such author of the trust or endowment, and for determining his ceiling area for the purposes of this Chapter.

Explanation. The expression "author of trust or endowment" shall include the successor-in-interest of the author of such trust or endowment.

²(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), a trust or an institution of public nature exclusively for a charitable or religious purpose or both shall be deemed to be a *raiya*t under this Act and shall be entitled to retain lands not exceeding 7.00 standard hectares, notwithstanding the number of its centres or branches in the State.

¹Sub-section (5) was substituted for the original sub-section by s. 20(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben, Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69,

²Sub-section (6) was inserted by s. 20(M) *ibid*

{Chapter IIB.—Ceiling on Holdings.—Sections 14N-14P.)

'14N. (1) If any question arises as to whether any land is or is not within an irrigated area, such question shall be determined by the prescribed authority in such manner as may be prescribed.
X of 1956.]
The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1955

'14-O. (1) Any person who is aggrieved by any determination made by the prescribed authority under section 14N may, within thirty days from the date of such determination or within such further time as the appellate authority may, on sufficient cause being shown, allow, prefer an appeal to such authority as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, specify in this behalf, against such determination.

Determina-
tion of
impaled area.

(2) On receipt of such appeal, the appellate authority may, after giving a reasonable opportunity to the appellant of being heard, confirm, modify or reverse the determination made by the prescribed authority.

Appeal.

³14P. (1) In determining the ceiling area, any land transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or partitioned, by a *raiyat* after the 7th day of August, 1969 but before the date of publication of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1971 in the *Official Gazette*, shall be taken into account as if such land had not been transferred or partitioned, as the case may be:

Provided that provisions of sub-section (1) shall not apply to transfer or partition of land to which provisions of section 3A apply.

(1a) In determining the ceiling area, any land to which the provisions of section 3A of this Act apply and which was transferred or partitioned after the 7th day of August, 1969, but before the 9th day of September, 1980, shall be taken into account as if such land had not been transferred or partitioned, as the case may be.

(2) The provisions of sub-section (1a) shall not apply to a *bona fide* transfer or partition of any land as a *Totes* aid, and the burden of proving the *bona fides* of such transfer or partition shall lie on the transferor or the person in whose name the land stood recorded before the partition, as the case may be.

Land
transferred
after the 7th
day or
August,
1969 to be
taken into
account in
determining
the ceiling
area.

Foot-note 2 on page 609, *amc*.

-Section 14P was substituted for the original section by s 7 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986). Prior to this substitution, the words, brackets and figures "West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981" were substituted for the words, brackets and figures "West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1971" by s 21 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), iv. cf 7.8 & 9.

(Chapter IIB.—Ceiling on Holdings.—Section 14Q.)

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(3) For the purposes of sub-section (2), the transfer of any land in favour of one or more of the following relatives of the transferor shall be presumed to be not *bona fide*:—

- (a) wife, or
- (b) husband, or
- (c) child, or
- (d) grand child, or
- (e) parent, or
- (f) grand parent, or
- (g) brother, or
- (h) sister, or
- (i) brother's son or daughter, or (j) sister's son or daughter, or (k) daughter's husband, or
- (l) son's wife, or (m) wife's brother or sister, or (n) brother's wife.

Ceiling area¹ 14Q. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), the ceiling inspecial area for a co-operative society, company, co-operative farming society, Hindu undivided family or a firm, as the case may be, shall not exceed the sum total of the ceiling areas of each member of such co-operative society, company, co-operative farming society, Hindu undivided family or each partner of such firm:

Provided that for the purpose of determining the ceiling area referred to in this sub-section, any land held separately by a person, who is a member of a co-operative society, company, co-operative farming society or Hindu undivided family or a partner of a firm, shall be deducted from the ceiling area referred to in section 14M, so that the sum total of the area of land held by such person, whether as such member or partner or individually or as a member of a family, may not, in any case, exceed the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M.

¹See footnote 2 on page 609, *ante*.

²Sub-section (2A) was inserted by s. 4 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Ben. Act XXXIII of 1974). Thereafter, sub-section (2) and sub-section (2 A) was simultaneously omitted by s. 22(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

(Chapter IIB.—Ceiling on Holdings.—Sections 14R, 14S.)

(3) If the State Government, after having regard to all the circumstances of [the case, is satisfied that a corporation or institution established exclusively for a charitable or religious purpose, or both, or a person holding any land in trust, or in pursuance of any other endowment,

creating a legal obligation exclusively for a purpose which is charitable or religious, or both, requires land, as distinct from the income [or usufructs] derived from such land, for the due performance of its obligations, it may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, increase the ceiling area for such corporation or institution or person to such extent as it may think fit:

²Provided that the State Government may, at any time on its own motion or on an application, revise an order under this sub-section and may resume the whole or any part of the land in excess of the ceiling area and take possession of such resumed land after giving the parties concerned an opportunity of being heard.

"14R. The provisions of section 14M shall not apply—

Exemption,

- (a) to any land owned as a *raiyat* by a local authority or "[an] authority constituted or established by ¹[or under] any law for the time being in force;
- (b) For such period as may be specified by the State Government, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, to any land in such hilly portion of the district of Darjeeling as may be specified in the said notification.

³14S. (1) On the commencement of the provisions of this Chapter Vesting of ⁶[or on any subsequent date] any land owned by a *raiyat* in excess of of the ceiling area applicable to him shall vest in the State free from all ceiling and encumbrances.

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 22(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981). w.e.f. 7.8.69.

¹Proviso was added by s. 22(c), *ibid*.

²See footnote 2 on page 609, *ibid*.

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "any body or" by s. 23(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words "or under" were omitted by s. 23(b), *ibid*. Later, the same words were inserted by s. 8 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

⁶The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 9 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

(Chapter HB.—Ceiling on Holdings.—Sections 14SS, NT.)

[West Ben. Act

616 (2) Where any land vested in the State under sub-section (1) is being cultivated by a *bargadar*, the right of cultivation of such *bargadar* in relation to any such vested land which, including any other land owned or cultivated by him is in excess of [0.4047 hectare of land used for agriculture], shall, on the commencement of the provisions of this Chapter [or on any subsequent date], stand terminated.

(3) Every *bargadar* shall, in relation to the land which he is authorised by sub-section (2) to retain under his cultivation, become, on and from the date of commencement of the provisions of this Chapter [or on any subsequent date], a *raiyyat*.

MSS. (1) Upon vesting of any land in the State under any of the provisions of this Act, the Revenue Officer or the prescribed authority or any other officer or authority who makes the order of vesting shall enter upon and take possession of such vested land by using such force as may be necessary for this purpose.

Power to enter upon and take possession of vested land.

(2) Any Revenue Officer, prescribed authority or any other officer or authority empowered in this behalf, may enter upon and take possession of any other vested land by using such force as may be necessary for this purpose.

(3) For the purpose of entering upon such land and taking possession thereof, any such officer or authority may send a written requisition in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed to the officer-in-charge of the local police station or to any police officer superior in rank to such officer-in-charge, and on receipt of such written requisition, the police officer concerned shall render all necessary and lawful assistance for taking possession of such land.

⁴14T. (1) Every *raiyyat* owning land in excess of the ceiling area shall furnish to the Revenue Officer, in such form and within such time as may be prescribed, a return containing the full description of the land which he proposes to retain within the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M and a full description of the land which is in excess of the ceiling area and such other particulars as may be prescribed.

Duly of *raiyyat* to furnish return.

The figures and words within the square brackets were substituted for the figures and word "1.00 hectare" by s. 24 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

⁵See foot-note 6 on page 615, *ante*.

⁶Section 14SS was inserted by s. 25 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

⁷See foot-note 2 on page 609, *ante*.

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(Chapter IIB.—Ceiling on Holdings.—Section 14T.)

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(2) Where there are more *raiyats* than one in a family, the return referred to in sub-section (1) shall be furnished by the head of the family or any other *raiyat* in accordance with the provisions of this sub-section.

(3) The Revenue Officer may, on receipt of a return submitted under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), or on his own motion, determine the extent of land which is to vest in the State under section 14S and take possession of such lands:

Provided that where a *raiyat* has exercised his choice of retention of land within the ceiling area in such a way that portions of more than one plot are to vest in the State, the Revenue Officer may disregard the choice exercised by the *raiyat* and may, after giving the *raiyat* an opportunity of being heard, determine the plot or, where necessary, plots of land proposed to be retained by the *raiyat* from which an area equal to the area of the portions of the plots shown in the return to be in excess of the ceiling area, is to vest in the State and take possession of such land;

³Provided further that in the case of mortgage by a *raiyat* by deposit of title deeds under clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 7, such *raiyat* shall first retain the land comprised in his holding and mortgaged by him within the ceiling area and where the total area of any land comprised in his holding and mortgaged by him exceeds the ceiling area, such portion of the land so mortgaged as is in excess of the ceiling area, together with any other land owned by him but not so mortgaged, shall vest in the State free from all incumbrances.

(3A) The Revenue Officer may of his own motion and after giving the *raiyat* an opportunity of being heard, revise an order made under subsection (3) and determine afresh the extent of land which is to vest in the State under section 14S and take possession of such land:

Provided that applications made to the Revenue Officer prior to the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1978 shall be disposed of by the Revenue Officer in accordance with the provisions of this sub-section.

²The proviso was added by s. 5 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Ben. Act XXXIII of 1974).

³The proviso was added by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1990 (West Ben. Act XXIV of 1990).

Sub-section (3A) was first inserted by s. 1 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1976 (West Ben. Act XII of 1976). Later, the same was substituted by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1978 (West Ben. Act XXXIX of 1978).

(Chapter IIB.—Ceiling on Holdings.—Section 14T.)

(4) If a *raiyat* fails to furnish, without any reasonable excuse, the return referred to in sub-section (1), or sub-section (2), within the prescribed time or wilfully makes any omission or incorrect statement in such return, he shall be punishable [with imprisonment which may extend to two years or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with both],

²(5) The Revenue Officer, on his own motion or upon any information, may, after giving the persons interested an opportunity of being heard, enquire and decide any question of *benami* in relation to any land and any question of title incidental thereto or any interest therein or any matter of transaction made, on being satisfied that such enquiry and decision are necessary for the purpose of preparation, correction or revision of record-of-rights and all matters incidental or consequential thereto or detection and vesting of surplus land over the ceiling area.

-(6) The Revenue Officer, on his own motion or upon any information, may, after giving the persons interested an opportunity of being heard, enquire and decide any question as to whether any (nisi, endowment or institution is of public or private nature or of exclusively religious or charitable in character, or both, and any question of title incidental thereto as may be necessary to determine the extent of land which is to vest in the State under section 14S, by examining the documents, if any, or by taking into account the following, among others:—

- (i) actual user of income or usufructs of the land,
- (ii) mode of cultivation,
- (iii) pattern of utilisation of the land, and
- (iv) share of income or usufructs of the land appropriated or enjoyed, or the area of such land occupied or enjoyed, by or on behalf of the manager, *sebar*, *mutwalli*, or any other person managing the trust, endowment or institution.

(7) Any person aggrieved by any order made under sub-section (3), (3A), (5) or (6) may prefer an appeal under section 54.

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees" by s. 2(2) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1976 (West Ben. Act XII of 1976).

²Sub-sections (5), (6), (7), (8) and (9) were inserted by s. 26 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981). Thereafter, sub-section (5) was substituted by s. 10(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act XXV of 1981).

(Chapter IIB.—Ceiling on Holdings.—Section 14T.)

¹West Ben. Act 1 of 1954.

(8) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act, 1953 or in any other law for the time being in force or in any agreement, custom or usage or in any decree, judgement, decision or award of any court, tribunal or authority, the provisions of sub-sections (5), (6) and (7) shall operate with retrospective effect from the 5th day of May, 1953.

(9) Sub-sections (5), (6), (7) and (8) of this section shall be deemed to have always been inserted in the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act, 1953. Any officer specially empowered in this behalf under the provision of the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act, 1953 or under the provisions of this Act, may, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (5) to (8), re-open and decide afresh any proceeding, case or dispute in relation to determination of total land held by an intermediary or a *raiyat* or an under-zaiydar at any point of time or may determine the quantum of land such intermediary, *raiyat* or under-raiyat was or is entitled to retain and also may determine the extent of land which is to vest in the State or which shall remain vested in the State and shall take possession of such land in accordance with the provisions of section 14SS. Notwithstanding any judgment, decision or award of any court, tribunal or authority to the contrary, the rule of *res judicata* shall not apply to such cases of re-opening and fresh determination.

(10) Notwithstanding any return submitted by a *raiyat* under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) and notwithstanding any order passed by the Revenue Officer under sub-section (3) or sub-section (3A) in respect of the land owned by him, the State Government may, at any time by a notification in the *Official Gazette*, ask every *raiyat* owning land in excess of the ceiling area under section 14M to furnish to the Revenue Officer, in such form as may be prescribed and within such time as may be specified in the notification, a return containing the full description of the land which he proposes to retain within the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M and a full description of the land which is in excess of the ceiling area and such other particulars as may be prescribed.

(11) On the publication of the notification under sub-section (10), the provisions of this section shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to every *raiyat* owning land in excess of the ceiling area under sub-section 14M.

¹See footnote 2 on page G18. *ante*.

Subsections (10) and (11) were inserted by s. 10(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

(Chapter HB. Ceiling on Holdings.—Section 14U.)

[West Ben. Act

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The West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.

14U. (1) Except where he is permitted, in writing, by the Revenue Officer so to do a *raiyat* owning land in excess of the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M, shall not, after (the publication, in the *Official Gazette*, of the ²[West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1971], transfer, by sale, gift or otherwise or make any partition of any land owned by him or any part thereof until the excess land, which is to vest in the State under section 14S, has been determined and taken possession of by or on behalf of the State:

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall apply to any land to which the provisions of section 3A apply:

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Provided further that if a *raiyat* has transferred any land which he retained in pursuance of any order of the Revenue Officer under subsection (3) or sub-section (3A) of section 14T, such land shall be taken into account in determining, on any subsequent occasion, the ceiling area of the said *raiyat* in pursuance of the provisions of this Act, as if such land had not been transferred.

¹(2) Except where he is permitted, in writing, by the Revenue Officer so to do, a *raiyat* owning land to which the provisions of section 3A apply, whether or not such land together with other land, if any, is in excess of the ceiling area under section 14M, shall not on and from the date of coming into force of section 3A of the Act, transfer by sale, gift or otherwise, or make any partition of, any such land or any part thereof until the excess land, if any, which is to vest in the State under section 14S has been determined or re-determined and taken possession of by or on behalf of the State.

³(3) If a *raiyat* makes any transfer, whether by sale, gift or otherwise, of any land in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), the State Government may, in the first instance, take possession of land, equal in area to the land which is to vest in the State, from out of the land owned by such *raiyat*, and where such recovery from the *raiyat* is not possible, from the transferee:

¹See footnote 2 on page 609, *ante*.

²The words, figures and brackets "West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981" were first substituted for the words, figures and brackets "West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1971" by s. 27 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981). Thereafter, the words, figures and brackets within the square brackets were substituted for the words, figures and brackets "West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981" by s. 11(a)(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

³The proviso was added by s. 11(a)(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

¹Sub-section (2) was substituted for the original sub-section by s. 11(b), *ibid*.

²Sub-section (3) was substituted for the original sub-section by s. 11(c), *ibid*.

The West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.
(Chapter IIB.—Ceiling on Holdings.—Sections 14V-14Y.)
X of 1956.]

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Provided that where the transferee is a person who is eligible for allotment of surplus land in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the State Government may, instead of enforcing its right to recover the land or equal amount of land, recover from the transferor the amount which he had received as consideration for the transfer of such land.

¹(4) Any *raiyat* who transfers any land in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with both:

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall apply to any transfer made in accordance with the provisions of any law for the time being in force.

³14V. The State Government shall pay, in the prescribed manner, for the vesting of any land in the State under the provisions of this Act, a Tier possession of such land is taken under sub-section (3) of section 14T, to the person or persons having any interest therein an amount equal to fifteen times the land revenue or its equivalent assessed for such land; or where such land revenue or its equivalent has not been assessed or is not required to be assessed, an amount calculated at the rate of Rs. 135 for an area of 0.4047 hectare.

¹14W. [(Damages for use and occupation of land.)—Omitted by j. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1980 (West Ben. Act XLI of 1980).]

Pay men 1 of amount.

³14X. No Civil Court shall have jurisdiction to decide or deal with any question or to determine any matter which is by or under this Chapter required to be decided or dealt with or to be determined by the Revenue Officer or other authority specified therein and no orders passed or proceedings commenced under the provisions of this Chapter shall be called in question in any Civil Court.

¹14Y. If at any time, after the commencement of the provisions of this Chapter, the total area of land owned by a *raiyat* exceeds the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M, on account of transfer, inheritance or otherwise, the area of land which is in excess of the ceiling area shall vest in the State and all the provisions of this Chapter relating to ceiling area shall apply to such land: "

¹Sub-section (4) was inserted by s. 11(d) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

³Section 14 V was substituted by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1980 (West Ben. Act XLI of 1980). Prior to this substitution see foot-note 2 on page 25, *infra*.

¹See foot-note 2 on page 609, *supra*.

³Section 14Y was substituted by s. 12 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986). Prior to this substitution see foot-note 2 on page 609, *ante*.

Bar of jurisdiction of Civil Courts,

Limitation on future acquisition of land by a *raiyat*.

(Chapter IIB,—Ceiling on Holdings.—Section 14Z.)

Provided that a person intending to establish a tea garden, mill, factory or workshop, livestock breeding farm, poultry farm, or dairy, or township in accordance with the provisions of the West Bengal Town and Country (Planning and Development) Act, 1979, may, with the previous permission, in writing, of the State Government and on such terms and conditions and in such manner as the State Government may by rules prescribe, acquire and hold land in excess of the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M:

West Ben.
Act XIII of
1979.

Provided further that if such person, having been permitted by the State Government, does not utilise within two years of the date of such permission such land for the purpose for which he has been so permitted by the State Government to acquire and hold it, then, all the provisions of this Chapter relating to ceiling area shall apply to the area of land which is held in excess of the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M.

¹ *Explanation.* For the purpose of this section, "person" includes an individual, a firm, a company, an institution, or an association or body of individuals, whether incorporated or not.

of Chapter 14Z. For the removal of doubts it is hereby declared that— TIB. (1)
notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in any

other law for the time being in force or in any agreement,

custom or usage or in any decree, judgment, decision or award of any court, tribunal or authority, the provisions of this Chapter shall apply to all lands of all classes and descriptions defined in clause (7) of section 2;

- (2) in the case of land comprised in a tea garden, mill, factory or workshop or land used for the purpose of livestock breeding, poultry farming or dairy, the raiyat, or where the land is held under a lease, the lessee, may be allowed to retain (in excess of the prescribed ceiling) only so much of such land as, in the opinion of the State Government, is required for the purpose of the tea garden, mill, factory, workshop, livestock breeding, poultry farming or dairy, as the case may be:

Provided that the State Government may, if it thinks fit so to do, after reviewing the circumstances of a case and after giving the raiyat or the lessee, as the case may be, an opportunity of being heard, revise any order made by it under this clause specifying the land which the raiyat or the

¹The proviso and the Explanation were added by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1996 (West Ben. Act XXIV of 1996).

²Section 14Z was inserted by s. 28 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1991 (West Ben. Act L of 1991), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

X of 1956.]

(Chapter III.—Bargadars.—Sections 15, 15A.)

lessee shall be entitled to retain for tea garden, mill, factory, workshop, livestock breeding, poultry farming or dairy, as the case may be:

Provided further that in determining the land required for the purpose of tea cultivation, there shall not be any diminution of the area of a tea garden.

*Explanation.*⁶ The expression "Land under a lease" includes any land held directly under the State Government under a lease.

CHAPTER m. *Bargadars.*

15. -(1) The provisions of clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (4) of section 4 shall not apply to the holding of a *raiyat* or any part of it which is cultivated by a *bargadar* so long as cultivation by a *bargadar* continues.

Certain safeguards for holdings cultivated by *bargadars*.

-(2) The right of cultivation of land by *bargadar* shall, subject to the provisions of this Chapter, be heritable and shall not be transferable.

² (3) The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to any person not belonging to a Scheduled Tribe claiming to be a *bargadar* under a *raiyat* belonging to a Scheduled Tribe.

¹15A. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force or in any contract to the contrary, where a *bargadar*, cultivating any land, dies at a time when cultivation of such land by the *bargadar* was continuing, the cultivation of such land may be continued by the lawful heir of the *bargadar* or where there are more than one lawful heir, by such lawful heir of the *bargadar* as all the lawful heirs of the *bargadar* may determine within the prescribed period:

Continuation of right of cultivation on *bargadar's* death.

Provided that where the lawful heirs of the *bargadar* omit or fail to make a determination as required by this sub-section, the officer or authority appointed under sub-section (1) of section 18 may nominate one of the lawful heirs of the *bargadar*, who is in a position to cultivate the land personally, to continue the cultivation thereof.

(2) The lawful heir of the *bargadar* who is determined or nominated for the cultivation of the land shall cultivate the land subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.

[West Ben. Act

(Chapter III.6 Bargadars.6 Section 16'.)

(3) Whereô

- (a) no lawful heir of the *bargadar* is in a position to cultivate the land personally, or
 - (b) the lawful heirs of the *bargadar* fail to determine, within the prescribed period, the heir by whom the cultivation of the land will be continued and the officer or authority appointed under sub-section (1) of section 18 also omits or fails to nominate, within the prescribed period, any lawful heir of the deceased *bargadar* for the continuation of the cultivation of the land, or
 - (c) the person determined or nominated under sub-section (1) omits or fails to take any steps, within the prescribed period, for the continuation of the cultivation of the land,
- cultivation of the land may be continued by such person, whether an heir of the deceased *bargadar* or not, as may be nominated by the person whose land was cultivated by the deceased *bargadar*.

Shan; of 16. (1) The produce of any land cultivated by a *bargadar* shall be
 pawhle by a divided as between the *bargadar* and the person whose land he cultivates
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- (a) in the proportion of 50 : 50 in a case where plough, cattle, manure and seeds necessary for cultivation are supplied by the person owning the land,
- (b) in the proportion of [75 : 25] in all other cases.

(2) The *bargadar* shall tender, within the prescribed period, to the person whose land he cultivates, the share of the produce due to such person,

(3) Where any share of produce tendered under sub-section (2) is accepted by the person whose land is cultivated by the *bargadar*, each party shall give to the other a receipt, in such form as may be prescribed, for the quantity of the produce received by him,

(4) If the person whose land is cultivated by the *bargadar* refuses to accept the share of the produce tendered to him by the *bargadar*, or to give a receipt therefor, the *bargadar* may deposit, within the prescribed period, such share of the produce with such officer or authority as may be prescribed and such deposit shall discharge the *bargadar* from his obligation to deliver the share of the produce to the person whose land he cultivates:

The figures within the square brackets were substituted for the figures "60 : 40" by s. 15(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

Sub-sections (2) to (7) were substituted for the original sub-sections (2) and (3) by s. 15(ii), *ibid*.

(Chapter III. Bargadars. Section 16A.)

Provided that where the quantity of the produce deposited by the *bargadar* is lesser than the quantity of the produce due to the person whose land he cultivates, the obligation of the *bargadar* with regard to the delivery of the deficiency in relation to the produce shall continue.

(5) Where a deposit referred to in sub-section (4) has been made, the prescribed officer or authority shall

- (a) give to the *bargadar* a receipt in such form as may be prescribed stating therein the quantity of the produce deposited by the *bargadar* and the particulars of the person for whom the produce has been deposited; and
- (b) give intimation of such deposit, in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed, to the person for whom the produce has been deposited-

(6) Where any produce is deposited under sub-section (4) and the person for whom the produce has been deposited does not take delivery of such produce within fifteen days from the date of service on him of the intimation of such deposit, the officer or authority referred to in sub-section (4) may sell such produce and deposit the proceeds of such sale, after deducting therefrom the cost of conducting the sale, in the treasury, in revenue deposit, to the credit of the person for whom the produce has been deposited and give intimation of such deposit to such person, in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed.

(7) The *bargadar* shall store or thresh the produce

- (a) at such place as may be agreed upon between him and the person whose land he cultivates, or
- (b) where there is disagreement between them, at such place as may be fixed by him after giving notice, in writing, served in the prescribed manner, to the person whose land he cultivates:

Provided that the person whose land is cultivated by the *bargadar* may, at any time during the storage or threshing of the produce, enter the place where the produce has been stored or is being threshed for the purpose of inspecting the storage or threshing, as the case may be, of the produce.

²16A. If the produce of any land cultivated by a *bargadar* is harvested and taken away, or if such produce after it is harvested by the *bargadar* is taken away, forcibly or otherwise, by the owner of such land, the *bargadar* shall be entitled to recover from such owner the share of the produce due to him or its money value.

Bargadar
shall
recover his
share in
the produce

¹See footnote 2 on page 624, *ante*.

²Section 16A was inserted by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1969 (West Ben. Act XXIII of 1969).

(Chapter III, Bargadars. Section 17.)

Termination 17. (1) No person shall be entitled to terminate cultivation of his by
bargadar except in execution of an order, made by such officer
or authority as the State Government may appoint, on one or more of the following
grounds:

- (a) that the *bargadar* has without any reasonable cause failed to cultivate the land, or has used it for any purpose other than agriculture;
- (b) that the land is not cultivated by the *bargadar* personally;
- (c) that the *bargadar* has failed to tender or deposit to the full extent the share or the produce as required by sub-section (2), or sub-section (4), as the case may be, or section 16:

Provided that no order for the termination of cultivation, made on the ground specified in this clause, shall be given effect to if the *bargadar* delivers to the person, whose land he cultivates, the share of the produce due to such person, or pays to him the market price thereof, within such time and in such instalments as the officer or authority making the order may, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, specify in this behalf.

- (d) that the person owning the land requires it *bona fide* for bringing it under personal cultivation:

Provided that the person owning the land shall be entitled to terminate cultivation by a *bargadar* of only so much of land as, together with any other land in the personal cultivation of such person, does not exceed 3.00 hectares:

Provided further that such person shall not be entitled to so terminate cultivation by a *bargadar* as to reduce the aggregate area of the land cultivated by the *bargadar* to less than 1.00 hectare.

Explanation. In determining the areas specified in the foregoing provisos no transfer of land made after the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1970, shall be taken into account.

Explanation. For purposes of clause (b), a *bargadar* who cultivates the land with the help of members of his family shall be deemed to cultivate it personally.

(2) If an owner fails to bring under personal cultivation any land, the cultivation of which by a *bargadar* has been terminated under clause (d) of sub-section (1) within two years from the date of such termination or allows such land to be cultivated by some other person, the land shall vest in the State free from all incumbrances under an order or the prescribed authority in the prescribed manner, and the owner of the land shall be entitled to an amount therefor in accordance with the provisions of section 14V.

The words "or has neglected to cultivate it properly," were omitted by s. 16(i)(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XXI of 1972), Clause (c) was substituted for the original clause by s. 16(i)(b), *ibid.*

The proviso to clause (d) were substituted by s. 16(i)(c), *ibid.*

Sub-section (2) was substituted for the original sub-section by s. 30(1) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.6.1981.

(Chapter III.—Bargadars.—Section 18.)

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(4) No **bargadar** shall be entitled to cultivate more than [4.00 hectares] of land. In computing this area, any land owned by **the bargadar** as well as the land cultivated by him as a **bargadar** shall be taken into account.

(5) If a **bargadar** cultivates land in excess of ³[4.00 hectares], the share of the produce due to him as a **bargadar** in respect of the land in excess of ¹[4.00 hectares] shall be forfeited to the State Government by order made in this behalf by a Revenue Officer.

¹(6) Where any land cultivated by a **bargadar** is in excess of the limit specified in sub-section (4), the person whose land is cultivated by such **bargadar** shall, if the excess land is within the ceiling area applicable to such person in accordance with the provisions of Chapter II-B, have the land cultivated by any person referred to in section 49 who is willing to cultivate the said land as a **bargadar**.

³*Explanation.*—For the purposes of clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2), "personal cultivation" shall not include cultivation by servants or labourers on wages payable in cash or in kind not being as a share of the produce, or both.

18. (1) Every dispute between a **bargadar** and the person whose land he cultivates in respect of any of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) division or delivery of the produce, disputes. ⁶(aa) recover[^]
of produce under section 16A,
- (b) termination of cultivation by **the bargadar**,

shall be decided by such officer or authority as the State Government may appoint:

¹Sub-section (3) was omitted by s. 30(1 A) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981). w.e.f. 7.8.69.

²Firstly, the figures and word "6.00 hectares" were substituted for the words "twenty-five acres" by s. 16(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972). Thereafter, the figures and word within the square brackets were substituted for the figures and word "6.00 hectares" by s. 30(2) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981). w.e.f. 7.8.69.

³Firstly, the figures and word "6.00 hectares" were substituted for the words "twenty-five acres" by s. 16(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972). Thereafter, the figures and word within the square brackets were substituted for the figures and word "6.00 hectares" by s. 30(3) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981). w.e.f. 7.8.69.

⁴Sub-section (6) was inserted by s. 16(iii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

⁵The 'Explanation' was added by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1977 (West Ben. Act XXXIV of 1977).

⁶Clause (aa) was inserted by s. 4(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1969 (West Ben. Act XXIII of 1969).

⁷Clause (c) was omitted by s. 17(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

(Chapter III.6 Bargadars.6 Section 18.)

Provided that no application for decision of any dispute shall be entertained unless such application is presented to the officer or authority within three years from the date on which the claim falls or becomes due.

(2) If in deciding any dispute referred to in sub-section (1) ²[or otherwise], any question arises as to whether a person is a *bargadar* or not and to whom the share of the produce is deliverable, such question shall be determined by the officer or authority mentioned in sub-section (1).

(2A) If in deciding any question referred to in sub-section (2), the officer or authority mentioned in that sub-section finds that any default in the delivery of the share of the produce is due to doubt or uncertainty on the question whether the land in respect of which the share of the produce is claimed has vested in the State or has been retained under the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act, 1953 [or under this Act], by West Bengal, the person claiming the share, such officer or authority shall, instead of terminating cultivation of the land by the *bargadar* on the ground of default, allow him time to deliver the share of the produce due to the person entitled thereto or to pay the price thereof by annual instalments not exceeding four, the first of such instalments, being deliverable or payable on a date not later than the first day of *Chaitra* next following the date of the order.

(3) The decision of any dispute referred to in clause (a) of subsection (1) shall specify the money value of the share of the produce to be delivered, which shall be payable in default of delivery of such share.

(3A) The decision of any dispute referred to in clause (aa) of sub-section (1) shall specify the quantity of the produce recoverable from the owner by the *bargadar* as his share and also its money value which shall be payable by the owner in default of delivery of such quantity of the produce.

The proviso was first inserted by s. 8(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVII of 1965). Then, the present proviso was substituted for the original proviso by s. 31(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 6 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Ben. Act XXXIII of 1974).

Sub-section (2A) was inserted by s. 8(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVII of 1965).

These words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 31(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

Sub-section (2B) was first inserted by s. 8(c), of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965). Thereafter, the same was omitted by s. 17(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

Sub-section (3) was added by s. 2(1) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1962 (West Ben. Act XVI of 1962).

Sub-section (3A) was inserted by s. 4(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1969 (West Ben. Act XXIII of 1969).

(Chapter III.—Bargadars.—Section ISA.)

(4) For the removal of doubts it is hereby declared that notwithstanding any decision of any Court to the contrary, any order under clause (a) of sub-section (1), specifying the money value of the share of the produce to be delivered payable in default of delivery of such share, made before the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1962, shall be deemed to be and to have always been validly made as if that Act had come into force when such order was made.

West Ben.
Act XVI of
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(5) If the decision of any dispute referred to in clause (a) or sub-section (1) given before the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1962, does not specify the money value of the share of the produce to be delivered, the *bargadar* or the person whose land is cultivated by the *bargadar* or the successor-in-interest of such person may, within ninety days from the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965, make an application before the officer or authority who decided the dispute of his or its successor for review of the decision for the purpose of specifying the money value of the share of the produce to be delivered payable in default of delivery of such share.

(6) Upon receipt of such application the officer or authority shall, after giving the parties to the dispute an opportunity of being heard and adducing evidence, pass an order specifying the money value of the share of the produce to be delivered, which shall be payable in default of delivery of such share.

West Ben. Act
XVIII of 1965.

ISA. (1) An officer or authority appointed under section 17 or section 18 shall continue to function after the appointment of his or its successor until such successor commences to function.

(2) Notwithstanding any decision of any court to the contrary, any proceedings continued by or before any such officer or authority and any order made by any such officer or authority, after his or his successor is appointed but before such successor commences to function, shall be deemed to be and to have always been validly continued or made.

West Ben.
Act VI of
1960.

(3) Any appeal against any order referred to in sub-section (2) filed before the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1960 or any order made in any such appeal shall have no effect.

"Sub-section (4) was added by s. 2(2) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1962 (West Ben. Act XV] of 1962).

Sub-sections (5) and (6) were added by s. 8(d) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965).

³Section ISA was inserted with retrospective effect by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1960 (West Ben. Act VI of 1960).

Continuance
in office of
officers and
authorities
appointed
under
sections 17
and 18 until
successor
commence
s to
function.

(Chapter III. 6 Bargadars. 6 Section 19.)

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19. (1) An appeal shall lie to the [Collector], having jurisdiction over the area in which the land is situated, against any order made [under section 17 or section 18 or sub-section (3) of section 21.] The [Collector] shall, on an appeal being disposed of, send a copy of his order to the officer or authority whose decision is appealed against.

(IA) An officer or authority appointed by the State Government under section 17 or section 18 or an officer specially empowered under sub-section (1) of section 19B shall not pass any interlocutory or final order in any proceedings before him or it on the basis of any consent,

agreement or compromise obtained or effected for the purpose of such proceedings, notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Contract Act, 1872,

or any other law for the time being in force.

(2) The period within which the appeal mentioned in sub-section (1) must be filed shall be thirty days from the date of the order appealed against:

" Provided that an appeal against any order referred to in sub-section (2) of section 19A made before the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1960 may be filed within ninety days of such commencement:

^Provided further that the provisions of section 5 of the Indian Act of Limitation Act, 1908 shall apply to an appeal under this section. ^{190B,}

*(2A) Every appeal pending before any [Collector] at the President's Act 16 of 1970,

commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1970, shall, on such commencement, stand transferred to, and be disposed of by, the [Collector] having jurisdiction in relation to the area in which the land is situated and on such transfer every such appeal shall be dealt with from the stage at which it was so transferred and shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this Act as amended by the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.

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(Chapter III.6 Bargadars.6 Section 19A.)

2. (2B) The [Collector] may transfer any appeal, whether transferred to, or filed before, him, for disposal to any officer not below the rank of a Sub-Deputy Collector, subordinate to him, but senior in rank and position to the officer or authority against whose order the appeal has been preferred and every such appeal shall be dealt with from the stage at which it was so transferred and shall be disposed of in accordance

West Ben. with the provisions of this Act as amended by the West Bengal Land (1972) Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.

(3) The [Collector] or other officer hearing the appeal may for sufficient cause make an order staying execution of the order appealed against.

(4) When the [Collector] or other officer makes an order under subsection (3), a copy of such order shall be sent to the officer or authority before whom an application for execution is pending.

⁴19A. ¹(1) Any person who fails to comply with an order made Penally, under sections 17, 18 or 19 shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both.

West Ben.
Act XI of
1966.

¹(2) If, after the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1966, any person owning any land terminates or causes to be terminated ⁶[or attempts to terminate] the cultivation of the land by a *bargadar* in contravention of the provisions of this Act, he shall be guilty of an offence punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both.

⁷(2A) Any person who fails to give a receipt in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 16 for the share of the produce accepted by him shall be guilty of an offence punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both.

⁴See foot-note 6 on page 630. *ante*.

¹See foot-note 1 on page 630. *ants*.

⁶Sub-sections (3) and (4) were added by s. 9 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965).

⁷See Sections 19A and 19B were inserted by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1957 (West Ben. Act XXIII of 1957).

¹Section 19A was renumbered as sub-section (1) of that section and after sub-section (1) as so renumbered, sub-sections (2) and (3) were added by s. 4 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1966 (West Ben. Act XI of 1966).

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 4(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1977 (West Ben. Act XXXIV of 1977).

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(Chapter III. Bargadars. Section 19B.)

(3) An offence under sub-section (2) [or under sub-section (2A)] shall be cognizable and bailable.

*19B, (1) If a person owning any land terminates or causes to be terminated the cultivation of the land by a *bargadar* in contravention of the provisions of this Act, then any officer specially empowered by the State Government in this behalf, shall, on an application by such *bargadar*, by order direct

in a case where such land has not been cultivated, or has been cultivated by the owner or by any person on his behalf other than a *bargadar*, that the land be immediately restored to the applicant and further that forty per cent, of any produce of the land shall be forfeited to the State Government and the remaining sixty per cent, of such crops shall be retained by the applicant.

in a case where such land has been cultivated by a⁵[person other than the *bargadar*] engaged by the owner, that the land be restored at the end of the cultivation season to the applicant and further that the⁶[person other than the *bargadar*] [shall retain twenty-five per cent⁷] of the crops harvested before restoration and make over [remaining seventy-five per cent] of such crops to the applicant.

"Provided that nothing in this section shall apply to termination of cultivation by a *bargadar* if the termination occurred before the 4th day of August, 1970, namely, the date with effect from which the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1969 ceased to be in force:

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⁵See Foot-note 5 on page 631. *ibid.*

⁶The words, figure, letter and brackets within the square brackets were inserted by s. 3(iii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1977 (West Ben. Act XXXIV of 1977).

⁷See foot-note 4 on page 631, *ante.*

⁸For notification empowering for the purposes of section 19B(1) all officers appointed under section 17(1) of the Act. see notification No. 2898-L. Ref., dated the 18.2.58. published in the *Calcutta Gazette. Extraordinary* of 1958, Part 1, page 551.

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "new *bargadar*" by s. 33(a)(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.c.f. 7.8.69.

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "shall retain fifty per cent." by s. 33(o)(ii), *ibid.*

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "remaining fifty per cent." by s. 33(a)(iii), *ibid.*

The proviso with the 'Explanation' were added by s. 4 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1980 (West Ben. Act XL1 of 1980).

(Chapter III. Bargadars. Section 20.)

Provided further that an application under sub-section (1) shall be made within two years from the date of

termination of cultivation by the *bargadar* or two years from the date of commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1980, whichever is later:

Provided also that if there is more than one applicant, the *bargadar* who has cultivated the land for the longest period shall be considered to be the rightful *bargadar* for the purpose of restoration in exclusion of other *bargadars*:

Provided also that after any application under sub-section (1) has been disposed of with the order of restoration of cultivation by a *bargadar*, the question shall not be reopened on any other application.

¹Explanation. For determining the "longest period", the total period of cultivation may not be continuous, but while computing the "longest period" of cultivation, the period or periods of cultivation since the 4th day of August 1970, (which may or may not be continuous) shall only be taken into account.

²(1 A) If the produce forfeited under clause (a) of sub-section (1) cannot be recovered from the owner of the land or the person cultivating the land on his behalf other than a *bargadar* or if the share of produce receivable by the *bargadar* under clause (b) of sub-section (1) cannot be recovered from any person other than the *bargadar*, money value of the share of produce so forfeited under clause (a) or share of produce so receivable under clause (b) shall be recovered by the prescribed authority under sub-section (1) as a "public demand" under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, on a written requisition sent by such presented authority to the certificate officer.

(2) An appeal against any order made under sub-section (1) shall lie to the Collector who shall be superior in rank to the officer from whose order the appeal is preferred.

[***]

20. (J) The procedure to be followed in deciding disputes or appeals under this Chapter and the fees to be paid by the parties shall be as may be prescribed.

(Chapter 111.6 Bargadars.6 Sections 20A, 20B.)

(2) Any order made under this Chapter including an order passed on appeal shall be executed by the officer or authority appointed by the State Government, in such manner as may be prescribed.

(3) No order for the termination or a *bargadar* shall be executed except during the months of the Bengali year specified below:

- (i) in such portions of the district of Darjeeling as may be declared by notification by the State Government to be hilly portions, the month of *Pans* or *Magh*, and
- (ii) elsewhere, the month of *Chaitra* or *Baisakr*.

Provided that proper compensation is paid, in such manner as may be prescribed, by the owner to the *bargadar* for his share or the standing crops, if any.

Setting aside of order for termination or cultivation by *hitrgudars*.

20A. Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, where, before the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1969, an order for the termination of cultivation of any land by a *bargadar* had been made under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 18 but such order has not been given effect to (whether by reason of the operation of any law or otherwise), before the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1970, then, such order shall, on such commencement, stand vacated and the officer or authority by whom such order was made shall, after giving notice to the parties concerned, decide the dispute in accordance with the provisions of section 17 as amended by the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.

West Ben. Act XI of 1969.

President's Act 16 of 1970.

West Ben. Act XII of 1972.

Surrender or abandonment by *bitrgutler*.

20B. (1) If a *bargadar*—

- (a) surrenders his right to cultivate in relation to any land cultivated by him as a *bargadar*, or

For notification appointing certain officers as the officers referred to in section 20(2) of the Act

(a) for the Dum-Dum police station, and 24-Paj-ganos district, see notification No. 15946-L. Kef., dated the 19.9.56, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 1956. Part I, page 3664.

(b) for the areas specified, see notification No. 1848-L Ref., dated the 30.1.57, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 1957. Part I, page 570.

Sub-section (3) was substituted for the original sub-section by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1960 (West Ben. Act XVIII of 1960).

Section 20A was inserted by s. 19(1) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

Section 2(1B) was inserted by s. 19(2), *ibid*.

X of 1956.]

(Chapter III.6 Bargadars.6 Section 20B.)

(b) voluntarily abandons cultivation of such land,

[The owner of (he land or ihe *bargadar* or any other person), may give information in writing of such surrender or abandonment to the officer or authority appointed under sub-section (1) of section 18, having jurisdiction in the area in which such land is situated.

(2) On receipt of such information [or on his own motion], such officer or authority shall issue a notice, in the prescribed form, to the *bargadar*, and after giving the *bargadar* and the person whose land was cultivated by the *bargadar*, an opportunity of being heard and making such inquiries as he or it may deem necessary, determine whether the *bargadar* had voluntarily surrendered or abandoned his right of cultivation in relation to such land.

(3) If such officer or authority determines that the *bargadar* had not voluntarily surrendered or abandoned the cultivation of the land which was being cultivated by him as such and that he had been compelled by force or otherwise to surrender or abandon the cultivation of such land, such officer or authority shall restore the *bargadar* to the cultivation of the land, or where the *bargadar* is not available or is not willing to be restored to the cultivation of such land, the person whose land was so cultivated shall not resume personal cultivation of the land but he may, with the permission of such officer or authority, get the land cultivated by any person, referred to in section 49, who is willing to cultivate the land as a *bargadar*.

(4) If such officer or authority determines that the *bargadar* had voluntarily surrendered or abandoned the cultivation of the land which was cultivated by him as such, the person whose land was being so cultivated shall not resume personal cultivation of such land but he may, with the permission of such officer or authority, have the land cultivated by any person, referred to in section 49, who is willing to cultivate the land as a *bargadar*.

(5) Any contravention of the provisions of sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) shall be an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "The person, whose land was cultivated by the *bargadar*" by s. 34(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 34(b). *ibid*.

21. (1) * * ^ * * no order or other proceedings whatsoever under [his Chapter shall be questioned in any civil court and no civil court shall entertain any suit or proceeding in respect of any matter mentioned in [sections 17, 18, 19B and 20B],

liar of jurisdiction.

(2) On the appointment of officers or authorities under this Chapter all proceedings pending before any *Bhagchas* Conciliation Board established under the West Bengal *Bargadars* Act, 1950, shall stand transferred to the officer or authority having jurisdiction over the area in which the land, to which the proceedings relate, is situated.

¹(3) If any question as to whether a person is or is not a *bargadar* arises in the course of any "[suit, case, appeal or other] proceedings before any Civil or Criminal Court, the Court shall refer it to the officer or the authority mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 18 [for decision and such court shall dispose of the suit, case, appeal or other proceedings in accordance with the decision communicated to it by the officer or authority mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 18 to whom the question was referred.]

West Ben. Act II of 1950.

⁶(4) On a reference being made under sub-section (3) of this section to the officer or authority mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 18 for decision, such officer or authority shall personally make such enquiry as may be prescribed, shall arrive at a decision after giving all the parties to the suit, case, appeal or other proceedings an opportunity of being heard and shall communicate his or its decision in the prescribed manner to the Court which made the reference. After communication of his or its decision to the referring Court such decision shall not be altered or revised except in an appeal under section 19.

⁷21A. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter,

Temporary stay of proceedings for termination or cultivation by *bargadars*.

- (a) all applications made under section 18 for the termination of cultivation by *bargadars*,
- (b) all appeals preferred under section 19 against orders made on such applications, and

The words and figures "save as provided in section 19" were omitted by s. 20 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII Of 1972).

The words, figures and letter within the square brackets were substituted for the words and figures "sections 17 and 18" by s. 35(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981). w.e.f. 7.8.69.

Sub-section (3) was inserted by s. 7 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Ben. Act XXXIII of 1974).

⁴The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 35(b)(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words, figures and brackets within the square brackets were substituted for the words "for decision" by s. 35(b)(ii). *ibid*.

⁵Sub-section (4) was added by s. 35(c). *ibid*.

⁷Section 21A was inserted by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1969 (West Ben. Act XI of 1969).

(Chapter 111. Bargadars. Sections 21B, 21C.)

(c) all proceedings commenced under sub-section (2) of section 20 for execution of orders for termination of cultivation by *bargadars*, which are pending before the appropriate authority at the date of commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1969, or which may be so made, preferred or commenced after such date but before the expiry of the said Act, shall be stayed for the period during which the said Act continues in force.

West Ben.
Act XI of
1969.

21B. A person lawfully cultivating any land belonging to another person shall be presumed to be a *bargadar* in respect of such land if such person is not a member of the family of the other person whose land he cultivates and the burden of proving that such person is not a *bargadar* or that the land is in his personal cultivation shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other law for the time being in force, lie on the person who alleges that the person cultivating the land is not a *bargadar* in respect of such land.

Person
cultivating
land of
another person
to be
presumed to
be a
bargadar
in certain cases.

21C. (1) The State Government may on its own motion, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, constitute a State Land Corporation, or one or more Regional Land Corporations or both.

Constitution
of State Land
Corporation
or Regional
Land
Corporation.

(2) The State Land Corporations and each of the Regional Land Corporations (hereafter in this section called as Corporation) shall be body corporate with perpetual succession and common seal, and shall have power to acquire, hold and dispose of property, to advance funds, to enter into contracts, to institute and defend suits, cases and all other legal proceedings and to do all things necessary for the purpose or carrying on its object.

(3) The object of the Corporation shall be to advance funds in the prescribed manner to a recorded *bargadar* of the land intended to be sold or to a *bargadar* of the land intended to be sold and holding certificate issued under the rules made under this Act or to a person eligible for settlement of land under section 49, to enable him to purchase agricultural land from a *raiyyat* who owns at the material time not exceeding one standard hectare as defined in clause (f) of section 14K of land in the aggregate, whose principal source of income is produce from his land and who being in distress has failed to sell the land in the open market on account of cultivation of the land, which the *raiyyat* intends to sell, by the *bargadar* and the name of the *bargadar* has been recorded or certificate has been issued to the *bargadar*, provided such *bargadar* or such person is otherwise eligible to receive the advance of fund, as may be prescribed.

¹Section 21B was inserted by s. 5 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1977 (West Ben. Act XXXIV of 1977).

²Section 21C was inserted by s. 36 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1977 (West Ben. Act XXXIV of 1977).

(Chapter III. Bargadars, Section 21C.)

(4) The price of the land intended to be purchased by the eligible *bargadar* shall be settled as between the *bargadar* and the owner of the land. Failing such settlement of price, the Corporation, on being requested by the owner of the land or the *bargadar* or on its own motion may assess the market value of the land for assessment thereof, *mutatis mutandis*, in accordance with the principles of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Act 1 of 1894), taking into account the fact of cultivation by *bargadar*, but assessment of market value shall not include any *solatium* or interest or any other thing except the market value of the land.

(5) If in such a case the *bargadar* fails or does not intend to buy the land cultivated by him as *bargadar*, the Corporation, on being requested by the owner of the land, may offer the land to a person eligible under section 49 to buy the land at the mutually settled price or at the price assessed by the Corporation under sub-section (4). If such person fails or does not intend to buy, the Corporation may, within a period of six months of the request by the owner of the land, purchase the land at a price mutually settled between the Corporation and the owner of the land or at the price assessed by the Corporation under sub-section (4) and in case of such purchase the Corporation shall pay the settled or assessed market value, as the case may be, to the owner of the land.

(6) The instrument of purchase shall be by a registered deed of conveyance. If, however, the owner of the land does not register the deed of conveyance within thirty days of payment of the settled or assessed price to him by or on behalf of the *bargadar* or by the person eligible under section 49 or by the Corporation, as the case may be, notwithstanding anything contained in the Registration Act, 1908, the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, or any other law for the time being in force, the issue of notification in the *Official Gazette* by the Corporation shall be the conclusive evidence of sale of the land.

(7) The recorded *bargadar* or the *bargadar* holding a certificate or the person eligible under section 49 who purchases the land shall mortgage the land to the Corporation as security for the loan advanced or to be advanced to him by a registered instrument and the loan along with service or other charges shall be repayable to the Corporation in the prescribed manner.

(8) The land when purchased by the Corporation or acquired by the Corporation in satisfaction of a mortgage shall be sold in public auction in such manner as may be prescribed, for realising the money spent in purchasing or acquiring the land and also for service or other charges, if any.

X of 1956.]

(Chapter III, Bargadars, Sections 2 ID, 21E.)

... (9) For the purpose of this section, the word "distress" shall mean—

- (a) marriage of a daughter,
- (b) performance of an obligatory ceremony due to death of father, mother, husband or wife, as the case may be,
- (c) medical treatment or an illness of a very serious nature endangering the life of the owner of the land or the husband or wife of the owner, as the case may be, and minor sons, unmarried daughters and any other relative having no independent source of income and solely dependent on the owner,
- (d) maintenance of the owner of the land or the husband or wife of the owner, as the case may be, and minor sons, unmarried daughters and any other relative having no independent source of income and solely dependent on the owner, due to flood, drought or any other natural calamity.

(10) All powers, functions, rights and obligations laid down in this section for the Corporation shall be applicable to and exercised by any institution or organisation as may be notified by the State Government in the *Official Gazette* on such terms and conditions and in such manner as may be prescribed:

Provided that the provisions of this section shall not apply to a *bargadar* who owns and cultivates 4.00 hectares of land in the aggregate.

21D. (1) The names of *bargadars* in respect of every *raiyat* shall be entered in the record-of-rights in such manner as may be prescribed.

Names or
be entered in
thereon—
of origin, this

(2) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall have effect notwithstanding anything contained in Chapter VII or Chapter VILA of Act.

21E. In deciding any dispute under the provisions of Chapter III, Bar to legal the officers and authorities may allow any party to the dispute, unable personally to make submission on its behalf, to be represented by its relative or by a representative of the association or organisation to which the party belongs:

Provided that no Advocate or legal practitioner as defined in section 3 of the Legal Practitioners Act, 1879 shall be allowed to appear, plead or act in any capacity on behalf of the party before any officer or authority, unless such Advocate or legal practitioner himself is a party to the dispute.

Sections 2 ID and 21E were inserted by s. 37 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

Section 2ID was renumbered as sub-section (1) of that section and after sub-section (1) as so renumbered, sub-section (2) was inserted by s. 1 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1989 (West Ben. Act XXIII of 1989) w.e.f. 7.8.69.

(Chapter IV.—Provisions as to revenue.—Sections 22, 23, 23A.)

CHAPTER IV.

Provisions as to revenue.

Liability to
pay revenue. 22. (1) A *raiyat* shall be liable to pay revenue for his holding.
(2) Revenue shall be a first charge on the holding.

Determination
of
revenue. -23. (1) A *raiyat* shall pay as revenue for his holding the same amount
which was payable by him as rent for the lands comprised in such holding
immediately before the coming into force of the provisions of this Chapter,
(2) Where no rent was payable in respect of the lands comprised in such
holding immediately before the coming into force of the provisions of this Chapter,
the *raiyat* shall pay revenue at such rate as the Revenue Officer may determine in
the prescribed manner, having regard to the rent that was generally being paid
immediately before the coming into force of the provisions of this Chapter for
lands of similar description and with similar advantages in the vicinity.

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply where such homestead lies
within

Abatement of
revenue in
respect of
homestead. (a) any area within the local limits of a municipality,
(b) any area constituted by the State Government as a notified
area under section 93 A of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932, or 1932, or
(c) any such area in a newly-developing locality as may be specified by
the State Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*.

*Section 22 was substituted for the original section by s. 10 of the West Bengal Land Reforms
(Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965).

*Sections 23 and 25A were substituted for the original section 23 by s. 11. *ibid.*

X of 1956.]
The West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.

(Chapter IV.—Provisions as to revenue.—Section 23B.)

23B. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter,⁶

(a) where on an application made by a *raiyat* or otherwise, the Revenue Officer makes an order that the total area of land held by a *raiyat* within his holding or holdings ⁸[does not exceed 1.619 hectares in irrigated area or 2.428 hectares in non-irrigated area], the *raiyat* shall be exempted from paying revenue in respect of his holding or holdings with effect from the 1st day of *Baisakh*, [1385 B.S.] :

Reassessment of revenue, exemption of revenue of small holdings and payment of surcharge.

Provided that such exemption shall not affect the liability of the *raiyat* to pay any cess imposed on him under the Cess Act, 1880, or the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act, 1930, or any other law for the time being in Force on the basis of the present revenue of his holding or holdings:

Ben. Act EX of 1880. Ben. Act VII of 1930.

Provided further that a *raiyat* shall not be entitled to exemption from paying revenue under this section if as a result of transfer or partition made after the 1st day of *Baisakh*, ⁹[1384 B.S., the total area of his land is reduced to 1.619 hectares in irrigated area or 2.428 hectares in non-irrigated area or less.]

*Explanation.*⁶ The expression "land held by a *raiyat* within his holding or holdings" shall mean where there are more than one *raiyat* in a family, the aggregate area of lands held by all such *raiyats*;

⁸ (a) where the land held by a *raiyat* within his holding or holdings is situated in both irrigated and non-irrigated areas, one hectare of land in irrigated area shall, for the purpose of clause (a), be deemed to be equivalent to 1.5 hectares in non-irrigated area;

(b) subject to the provisions contained in clauses (a) and (aa), the revenue payable by a *raiyat* in respect of his holding or holdings shall, with effect from the 1st day of *Baisakh*, 1385 B.S., be at the rate of the present revenue if the land included in the holding or holdings is situated in a non-irrigated area and at one and half times of such rate if such land is situated in an irrigated area:

⁸23A. Where the holding of a *raiyat* comprises his homestead, the *raiyat* shall be entitled, on an application to the Revenue Officer, to have the revenue of such holding abated by such amount as bears the same proportion to such revenue as the area covered by such homestead or one-third of an acre, whichever is lesser, bears to the area of such holding:

Section 23B was first inserted by s. 5 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1969 (West Ben. Act XXIII of 1969). Thereafter the same was substituted by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XXVIII of 1972).

The figures and abbreviations within the square brackets were substituted for the figures and abbreviations "1376 B.S." by s. 6(1)(ii), *ibid*.

The words, figures and abbreviations within the square brackets were substituted for the words, figures and abbreviations "1376 B.S., the total area of his land is reduced to 1.214 hectares or less." by s. 6(1)(iii), *ibid*.

Clause (aa) was inserted by s. 6(2), *ibid*.

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(Chapter IV.—Provisions as to revenue.—Section 23C.)

Provided that if the Collector is satisfied that any land * within an irrigated area has not received irrigation water or the crops have been damaged by excess water during any particular year, he may, by order, direct assessment of land revenue of such land for that year to be made as if the land is included in a non-irrigated area.

(c) if the total area of land held by a *raiyat* in respect of his holding or holdings is 4 hectares or more in one *mouza*, he shall, with effect from the First day of *Baisakh*, 1379 B.S., pay, in addition to the revenue payable by him for such land, a surcharge at the rate of ten *per cent*, of such revenue;

(d) if any amount already paid by a *raiyat* is in excess of the revenue payable by him under this section, the same shall be refunded to him, but if there is any deficiency in such payment the same shall be recovered from him as an arrear

of revenue under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, Ben. Act III 1913, without any claim for interest being made upon the ¹⁹¹³ same.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,

(a) the term "family" in relation to a *raiyat* shall be deemed to consist of himself, his wife, minor sons and unmarried daughters, if any;

(b) the expression "irrigated area" shall have the same meaning as in clause (d) of section 14K; and

(c) the expression "present revenue" in relation to any holding means the amount of revenue payable by a *raiyat* in respect of such holding immediately before the commencement

of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) West Ben. Act, 1969. A^iXXili

of

(2) Any person aggrieved by an order made by the Revenue Officer under clause (a) of sub-section (1), may prefer an appeal to such authority as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, specify within thirty days from the date of such order or within such further time as such authority may, on sufficient cause being shown, allow.

(3) The order made by the appellate authority under sub-section (2) shall be final.

application of '23C. The provisions of section 23B other than those contained in Section 23 B ² [clauses (a) and (aa) of sub-section (1)] thereof shall not apply to any *ponionoflic* ^{amc* 2} ¹⁹¹³ ¹⁹¹³ the district of Dajjeeling referred to in

district of Darjeeting.

¹Section 23C was inserted by s. 8 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Ben. Act XXXIII of 1974).

²The words, brackets, letters and figure within the square brackets were substituted for the words, brackets, letter and figure "clause (a) of sub-section (1)" by s. 7 of the West RnnW f Pr-fnrnf A.-I 107T fVInfi T>.irr A r-r WVFw IfTTy

(Chapter IV.—Provisions as to revenue.—Sections 24-33.)

— clause (b) of section 14R, where the *raiyat* shall be subject to the provisions of [clauses (a) and (aa) of sub-section (1)] of section 23B, pay revenue at the same rate at which it was payable in respect of the holding *Wesi Ben*, immediately before the commencement of the West Bengal Land Reforms ^{of} (Second Amendment) Act, 1969.

24. ¹ [Procedure of determining revenue-rates.—Omitted by s. 12 of West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965.]

25. [Publication and confirmation of table of revenue-rates.—Omitted by s. 12 of West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965.]

26. [Rates shown as the maximum.—Omitted by s. 12 of West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965.]

27. [Rates of revenue, etc. to form part of record-of-rights.—Omitted by s. 12 of West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965.]

28. [Duration of revenue-rates.—Omitted by s. 12 of West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965.]

29. [Settlement of fair and equitable revenue.—Omitted by s. 12 of West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965.]

30. [Draft and final publication of revenue-roll.—Omitted by s. 13 of West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965.]

31. [Date from which settlement takes effect.—Omitted by s. 14 of West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965.]

32. [Period for which revenue as settled is to remain unaltered.—Omitted by s. 14 of West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965.]

33. The revenue payable by a *raiyat* may be altered, in the manner ¹⁰ prescribed, by the Revenue Officer if the holding of the *raiyat* has increased or decreased in area due to amalgamation, purchase, partition, sub-division, acquisition or any other cause whatsoever subsequent to the determination of the revenue.

¹⁰ See foot-note 2 on page 642, *ante*.

¹⁰ Substituted for the original section 33 by s. 15 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben Act XVIII of 1965).

(Chapter IV.—Provisions as to revenue.—Sections 34-38.)

Bang jurisdiction of Civil Court.	34. No suit or other legal proceedings shall be instituted in any Civil Court in respect of the determination of any revenue or the omission to determine any revenue under this Chapter.
Instalment. time and place for payment of revenue.	35. (1) A <i>raiyat</i> shall pay revenue in such instalments, in such manner and at such times as may be prescribed. (2) Payment of revenue shall be made at the village <i>lahsil</i> office or at such other place and in such manner as may be prescribed. (3) Any instalment of revenue or part thereof which is not duly paid at the prescribed time shall be deemed to be an arrear.
<i>Raiyat</i> entitled to a receipt for revenue.	36. Every <i>raiyat</i> shall on making payment of revenue be entitled to obtain forthwith a written receipt in the prescribed form for the amount paid by him, signed by the person authorised to make collection of revenue.
Rebate on payment in time and interest on arrears.	37. (1) Every <i>raiyat</i> who makes payment of revenue within the prescribed period shall be entitled to a rebate of five <i>per centum</i> of the amount of revenue. (2) An arrear of revenue shall bear simple interest at the rate of six and a quarter <i>per centum per annum</i> from the due date up to the date of payment.
Procedure for recovery of arrears of revenue.	38. All arrears of revenue shall be deemed to be public demands payable to the Collector and shall, subject to such rules as may be made in this behalf, be recoverable under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913: ² Provided that no <i>raiyat</i> shall be liable to be arrested or detained in civil prison or to have his homestead attached or sold in pursuance of any order under the said Act: ¹ Provided further that before any property is sold in execution of a certificate under the said Act, the <i>raiyat</i> may, on an application made by him, be allowed to pay off the arrears in such instalments as may be prescribed: -Provided also that whenever any immovable property is sold, the purchaser may annul any incumbrance on such property in the manner prescribed. ¹ <i>Explanation.</i> For the purposes of this section and sections 35, 36 and 37, "revenue" shall include "surcharge".

Ben. Act III
of 1913.

¹Substituted for the original section 34 by s. 16 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965).

²The provisos were substituted for the original provisos by s. 9 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Ben. Act XXXIII of 1974). Prior to this substitution, the original third proviso was added by s. 17 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965).

The *Explanation* was added by s. 4 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XXIV of 1965).

(Chapter V.—Consolidation of lands comprised in holdings, and Co-operative
Farming Societies.—Sections 39-41J

CHAPTER V.

Consolidation of lands comprised in holdings, and Co-operative
Farming Societies.

39. The State Government may

- (a) on the representation of *raiyats* in any area, or
- (b) on its own motion,

acquire the lands in any area [as may be necessary] on payment of compensation to the *raiyats* owning them when the lands comprised in the holdings of the *raiyats* in such area are not in compact blocks, if the State Government is of the opinion that [the lands comprised [in the holdings in such area] should be consolidated:

Provided that consolidation of lands may be undertaken by the State Government if any seven or more persons being *raiyats* each owning land not exceeding 0.4047 hectare of land in the aggregate or being recipients of lands settled under section 49 or from both such categories make representation therefor.

40. On such acquisition being made, the State Government shall re-arrange the holdings so that the lands comprised in each is in a compact block and re-allot them to the *raiyats* whose lands have been acquired, in such manner as it thinks fit, ensuring that each *raiyat* gets a holding comprising the same area, and, as far as possible, lands of the same quality and value as before the consolidation:

Provided that no *raiyat* shall be entitled to receive any land in excess of the area held by him prior to acquisition:

Provided further that on such allotment being made there shall be deducted from the amount of compensation payable to a *raiyat* under section 39 the value of the land allotted to him after acquisition.

41. If the holding of a *raiyat* which is acquired for the purposes of consolidation is subject to any incumbrance, such incumbrance shall be deemed to be transferred and attached to the land which is allotted to the *raiyat* after acquisition and to the compensation, if any, payable to him under this Chapter and shall cease to have any effect against the land from which it has been so transferred,

*The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 38(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

*1116 words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "in the holding in such area" by s. 38(b), *ibid.*

The proviso was substituted for the original proviso by s. 38(c), *ibid.*

Acquisition
of holdings
for consoli-
dation.

Redism bul-
lion of land
after
acquisition.

Transference
of
incumbrances
on holding.

(Chapter V, Consolidation of lands comprised in holdings, and Co-operative Farming Societies.—Sections 42, 43.)

Recovery of 42. If the value of the land allotted to a *raiyat* after acquisition be value¹¹ greater than the value of the land acquired from such *raiyat*, the difference allotted land, in value shall be recoverable from him in such instalments as may be prescribed and if such difference be not paid within the time allowed for the purpose, it shall be recoverable as a public demand payable to the Collector unless the *raiyat* declines to accept settlement of the land allotted to him.

Formation of 43. (1) Any seven or more *raiyats* owning lands in a compact block Co-operative Farming or intending to acquire such land, may form themselves into a Co-operative Farming Society and apply in writing, in the prescribed form, to the Registrar, Co-operative Societies, for the registration of such society under [the West Bengal Co-operative Societies Act, 1973³]. [West Ben.

Act XXXVI it

(2) The Registrar may, after such enquiry as he may deem fit, of 1973.] register the society under [the West Bengal Co-operative Societies Act, 1973³], and grant a certificate of registration and on such registration the provisions of [the West Bengal Co-operative Societies Act, 1973-], subject to the special provisions of this Act, shall apply to such a society and the society may enlist new members in accordance with the rules and bye-laws under the said Act for the time being in force.

(3) When a Co-operative Farming Society has been registered under sub-section (2), all lands excluding homesteads, belonging to the members thereof and forming one compact block, whether owned by them at the time when they became such members or acquired by them subsequently, shall vest in the society and no member shall be entitled to hold in his personal capacity any land, excluding homestead, which together with any land belonging to him but vested in the society under [the provisions of this sub-section [exceeds the ceiling area applicable to him under Chapter II-B],

(4) When the lands belonging to a member of a Co-operative Farming Society vest in such society, there shall be allotted to him shares the value of which will, as far as possible, be equal to the value of the lands of the member vested in the society.

¹¹The words and figures within the square brackets along with the marginal reference were substituted for the words and figures "the Bengal Co-operative Societies Act, 1940" along with the marginal reference "Ben. Act XXI of 1940" by s. 39 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

³The Bengal Co-operative Societies Act, 1940 (Ben. Act XXI of 1940), was repealed and re-enacted by s. 3 of the West Bengal Co-operative Societies Act, 1973 (West Ben. Act XXXVI of 1973). The latter Act was again repealed and re-enacted by s. 3 of the West Bengal Co-operative Societies Act, 1983 (West Ben. Act XLV of 1983).

⁴The words, figures and letter within the square brackets were substituted for the words "exceeds twenty-five acres so long as he continues to be a member of the society" by s. 21 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

(Chapter V.—Consolidation of lands comprised in holdings, and Co-operative Farming Societies.—Sections 44-48.)

(5) Notwithstanding anything elsewhere contained in this Act, no Co-operative Farming Society shall have the right to acquire or hold any land except the land which vests in it under sub-section (3).

* * * * * Jj Jfc

44. (J) The shares held by a member of a Co-operative Farming Society shall not be transferred to any person other than another member of the society or a *raiyat* or other person residing in the locality in which the society has been established,

Restriction on transfer of shares in a Co-operative Farming Society.

(2) Subject to the restrictions mentioned in sub-section (1), the shares held by a member of a Co-operative Farming Society shall be transferable and heritable.

45. No Co-operative Farming Society established in accordance with the provisions of this Act shall be wound up or dissolved except under the orders of the State Government.

Dissolution of a Co-operative Farming Society.

46. When a Co-operative Farming Society is wound up or dissolved, the prescribed authority shall allot to its members, in such manner and subject to such rules as may be prescribed, all the lands vested in the society, and the rules may provide for equitable allotment of lands to the members having regard to the area and the quality of lands belonging to them before the vesting of such lands in the society.

Transfer of land on dissolution of a Co-operative Farming Society.

47. When a Co-operative Farming Society is established under the provisions of this Act, the aggregate of the revenues which would have been payable by its members for their lands, if such lands had not vested in the society, shall be the revenue payable by the society for the lands vesting in it, subject to such reduction as may be allowed under section 48.

Revenue payable by a Co-operative Farming Society.

48. (1) A Co-operative Farming Society established under this Act shall be entitled to such concessions and facilities from the State Government as may be prescribed.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions, such concessions and facilities may include—

Concessions and facilities for a Co-operative Farming Society.

- (a) such reduction of revenue as Government may allow;
- (b) free supply of seeds and manure for the first three years and thereafter at concessional rates;

*Sub-section (6) was omitted by s. 5 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XXVIII of 1972).

*(Chapter V.—Consolidation of lands comprised in holdings, and Co-operative Farming Societies.^a
Section 48A.)*

- (c) free technical advice by the experts of the State Government; " (d)
financial assistance on such terms and conditions as may
be prescribed;
(e) arrange me 11 is Tor belter marketing.

Formation of¹48A. (1) Any seven or more persons each owning, cultivating or Common^{m,6c} possessing in
any capacity agricultural land not exceeding 0.4047 hectare Siiryicc i_n area in aggregaie in any
compact block or in different blocks may Society. form themselves inioaCo-operalive Common Service
Society and apply in writing, in the prescribed form, to the Registrar, Co-operative Societies,
West BcngaJ for registration of such society under the West Bengal Cooperative
Societies Act, 1973.

- (2) The Registrar may, after such enquiry as he may deem fit,
register the sociiy under the West Bengal Co-operative Societies Act,
1973 and grant a certificate, and on such registration the provisions of the West
Bengal Co-operative Societies Act, 1973, shall, subject lo the special provisions of
this Act, apply to such a society and the society may enlist new members in
accordance with the rules and bye-laws under the said Act for lhe lime being in force:

West Ben.
Act
XXXV [1t of
1973.

Provided that the society shall not enlist any person as its member who owns,
cultivates or possesses in any capacity agricultural land exceeding ²[0.4047 hectare]
in the aggregate.

- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in the West Bengal Cooperative
Societies Ac., 1973 and the rules made thereunder,^ô

- (a) the Chairman of any Co-operalive Common Service SocieLy shall be
nominated from amongst the elected directors of the society by the
Collector having jurisdiction on receiving a written requisition from the
clcted directors of the society.

A Chairman so nominated may be removed before expiry or the term
of the managing committee of the society and a new Chairman may be
nominated in his place;

- (b) the first managing committee of any Co-operative Common Service
Sociiy shall hold office for a term not exceeding three years;
(c) after the expiry of the term of ihe first managing committee of the
society, the Chairman shall be elected by the elected directors of the
society.

^aSection 48A was inserted by s. 40 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment)
Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L or 1981).

¹The figures and word within (he square brackets were substituted for the words "one hectare" by s.
14(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of
1986).

(Chapter VI.—Principles of distribution of lands.—Section 49.)

(4) A Co-operative Common Service Society shall raise its funds from, among other sources, the State Government, the Central Government, any bank, any insurance corporation and other financial institutions or from among its own members as grant, loan or equity. The society shall acquire by purchase, grant, gift, hiring, or otherwise plough, cattle, manure (including chemical fertilisers), seeds, modern scientific agricultural implements and such other inputs as may be necessary for cultivation [and poultry farming] and supply or utilise the same among its members in proportion to the area of land held by them. The society may advance loan to the members out of its own fund [or out of the fund raised by it].

(5) The society may recover loans, interest, service charges and any other charge for supply of implements and price or part of price of inputs supplied to the members in accordance with the bye-laws of the society specially made for this purpose.

(6) The society may undertake marketing of produce grown by its members.

CHAPTER VI.

Principles of distribution of lands.

49.¹²(1) Notwithstanding anything contained elsewhere in this Act or in any other law for the time being in force, settlement of any land which is at the disposal of the State Government, shall be made without any premium being charged for it, in such manner as may be prescribed, with persons who are residents of the locality where the land is situated,
(Chapter VI.—Principles of distribution of lands.—Section 49.)

and who together with other members of their family, own no land or less than [0.4047 hectare of land used for the purpose of agriculture], one half of the lands cultivated by them as *bargadars* being taken into account for the purpose of calculating the aggregate of such land, and subject to the following conditions, namely:

- (a) that, in the case of agricultural land, such person intends to bring the land under personal cultivation,
- (b) that, in the case of homestead land, such person having no homestead of his own, intends to construct a dwelling house thereon, and
- (c) such other terms and conditions as may be prescribed:

Provided that among the persons eligible for such settlement, preference shall be given to persons belonging to Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe or who form themselves into a Co-operative Society for the purpose:

Provided further that no settlement of land shall be made with any person or with a member of the family of any such person, who is engaged or employed in any

¹²Sub-section (1) A was inserted by section 2(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1975 (West Ben. Act XXIII of 1975).

*Sre footnote 3 on page 649. *note*

business,

trade, undertaking, manufacture, calling, service, or industrial occupation.

Explanation. The second proviso to sub-section (1) shall not apply to an agricultural labourer, artisan or fisherman.

¹(1A) No person with whom any land is or has been settled under sub-section (1) shall be entitled to transfer such land except by way of a simple mortgage or a mortgage by deposit of title deeds in favour of a Scheduled Bank, or a Co-operative Society or a Corporation owned or controlled by the Central or State Government or both, and for the purpose of obtaining loan for the development of land or for the improvement of agricultural production or for the construction of a dwelling house.

¹(2) If a Revenue Officer, on his own motion or on application made to him in that behalf, after hearing the person with whom the land was settled and in the case of any subsequent transfer, the transferee as also the person who is, for the time being, in actual occupation of such land and after making such enquiry as may be prescribed, is satisfied that

X of 1956.]

(Chapter VI.—Principles of distribution of lands.—Section 49.)

settlement of such land [was made by mistake or obtained under any provision of this section by practice of fraud, misrepresentation, coercion or otherwise,) or that a transfer of any land has been made in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1 A), he may, by order in writing, annul the settlement or both the settlement and the transfer, as may be deemed necessary.

(3) When a Revenue Officer makes an order under sub-section (2) annulling settlement or both the settlement and the transfer of any land, as the case may be, the Revenue Officer shall enforce delivery of possession of such land to (the Collector by using such force as may be required after evicting the person in actual occupation of such land.

(3A) For the purpose of enforcing delivery of possession of any land and evicting any person in actual occupation of such land under sub-section (3), any such Revenue Officer may send a written requisition in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed to the officer-in-charge or the local police-station or to any police officer superior in rank to such officer-in-charge and on receipt of such written requisition, the police officer concerned shall render all necessary and lawful assistance for enforcing delivery of possession of such land.

(4) Any person aggrieved by an order made under sub-section (2) may, within thirty days from the date of such order, prefer an appeal to such authority as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, specify and the order passed by such authority in appeal shall be final.

(4A) Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing provisions of this section, the State Government, or an officer authorised in this behalf by the State Government, may transfer to, or settle with, a local body or an authority constituted or established by or under any law for the time being in force land which is at the disposal of the State Government, for such purpose and on such terms and conditions as may be decided by the State Government,

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words, figure and brackets "was obtained by any person under sub-section (1) by practising fraud or misrepresentation," by s. 5(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1980 (West Ben. Act XL of 1980).

¹ See foot-note 3 on page 649. *note*.

² Sub-section (3A) was inserted by s. 5(d), *ibid*.

³ Sub-section (4A) was inserted by s. 15 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

(Chapter VI.—Principles of distribution of lands.—Section 49A.— Chapter VII.—Maintenance of the record-of-rights.—Section 50.)

(5) Notwithstanding anything contained elsewhere in this Act, where the State Government is satisfied that it is necessary so to do for a public purpose or for establishment, maintenance or preservation of any educational or research institution or industry, settlement for any period of any land may be made with any person or institution on such terms and conditions including periodical payments, with or without any premium being charged therefor, in such manner as may be prescribed.

Explanation I. For the purpose of this sub-section 'person' includes an individual, a firm, a company, or an association or body of individuals, whether incorporated or not.

Explanation II. For the purposes of this sub-section, "industry" includes a tea-garden, mill, factory or workshop, live-stock breeding, poultry farming, or dairy, or township approved under the West Bengal Town and Country (Planning and Development) Act, 1979.

West Ben.
Act XIII of
1979.

Penally for
unauthorised
occupation of
vested lands.

49A. Any person who

(a) being in unauthorised occupation of any land which is at the disposal of the State Government fails to vacate such land after a notice has been served on him to do so, or

(b) obstructs any person with whom any land has been settled under sub-section (1) of section 49 from taking possession of such land,

shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees or with both.

CHAPTER VII. [Maintenance of the record-of-rights.]

Maintenance of
the record-of-
rights.

50. [The prescribed authority] shall maintain up-to-date in the prescribed manner the village record-of-rights by incorporating therein the changes on account of

(a) mutation of names as a result of transfer or inheritance;

¹Sub-section (5) along with its 'Explanation' was added by s. 5(e) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1980 (West Ben. Act XLI of 1980).

²The existing 'Explanation' was renumbered as *Explanation I* and after *Explanation I* so renumbered, *Explanation II* was added by s. 4 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1996 (West Ben. Act XXIV of 1996).

³Section 49A was inserted by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1976 (West Ben. Act XII of 1976).

⁴The heading under Chapter VII was substituted for the original heading "Maintenance and revision of the record-of-rights," by s. 41 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69. The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "The Revenue Officer especially empowered by the State Government in this behalf by s. 43. *ibid.*

(Chapter VIIA.—Preparation or revision of record-of-rights.— Sections 50A, 51.)

- (b) partition, exchange, or consolidation of lands comprised in holdings, or establishment of Co-operative Farming Societies;
- (c) new settlement of lands or of holdings;
- (d) variation of revenue;
- (e) alteration in the mode of cultivation, for example, by a *bargadar*,
- (f) such other causes as necessitate a change in the record-of-rights.

CHAPTER VIIA.

Preparation or revision of record-of-rights.

50A. Section 50 shall not apply to any district or part of such district where Chapter VIIA has come into force for the purpose of revision or preparation of record-of-rights; but section 50 shall apply to any land in any such district or part of such district after final publication of any such record-of-rights under section 51 A: Section 50 not to apply to certain cases.

^Provided that notwithstanding any order made under sub-section (1) of section 51 in respect of a district or part of a district, the State Government may make an order directing the Revenue Officers specially empowered under section 50 to incorporate such changes as may be specified in the said order in the records-of-rights in respect of such district or part of such district under section 50, if the State Government is satisfied that incorporation of such changes is necessary to mitigate the hardship of a *raiyat*.

"51. (1) The State Government may, in any case if it so thinks fit, make an order directing that record-of-rights in respect of any district or part of a district be revised or prepared by a Revenue Officer in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter and such rules as may be made by the State Government in its behalf. Revision or preparation of the record-of-rights.

(2) A notification in the *Official Gazette* of an order under subsection (1) shall be conclusive evidence that the order has been duly made.

(3) When an order is made under sub-section (1), the Revenue Officer shall record in the record-of-rights to be revised or prepared in pursuance of such order, such particulars as may be prescribed.

Chapter VIIA along with section 50 A was inserted by s. 44 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The proviso was added by s. 16 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

Section 51 was substituted for the original section by s. 18 of [the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVI of 1965),

[West Ben. Act

(Chapter VUA.—Preparation or revision of record-of-rights.—
Section 51 A.)

I * * * * *

(5) There shall be a separate *khatian* for each *raiyat* and the *khatian* shall include all lands held by such *raiyat* in one *inauza*.

Draft and final publication of the record-of-rights.

²51A. (1) When a record-of-rights has been revised or prepared, the Revenue Officer shall publish a draft of the record so revised or prepared in the prescribed manner and for the prescribed period and shall receive and consider any objections which may be made during such period to any entry [herein or to any omission therefrom.

(2) When all such objections have been considered and disposed of according to such rules as the State Government may make in this behalf, the Revenue Officer shall finally prepare the record and cause such record to be finally published in the prescribed manner and make a certificate stating the fact of such final publication and the date thereof and shall date and subscribe the same under his name and official designation.

(3) Separate publication of different parts of draft or final records may be made under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) for different local areas. -

(4) An officer specially empowered by the State Government may, on application within one year, or on his own motion within three years, from the date of publication of the record-of-rights under sub-section (2), revise an entry in the record finally published in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) after the persons interested are given an opportunity of being heard and after recording reasons therefor.

(5) Any person aggrieved by an order passed in revision under sub-section (4) may, within such period and on payment of such court-fees as may be prescribed, appeal in the prescribed manner to ¹[(the prescribed authority superior in rank to the authority from whose order the appeal is preferred) of the district in which the land is situated:

¹Sub-sections (4) and (5) were first inserted by s. 10 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Ben. Act XXXIII of 1974). Thereafter, sub-section (4) was omitted by s. 45 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

Sections 51 A, 51B, 51C and 51D were inserted by s. 19 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965).

²Sub-section (4) was substituted for the original sub-section by s. 17(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986). Prior to this substitution, the words "five years" were substituted for the words "one year", in the original sub-section (4), by s. 46(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1931 (West Ben. Act L of 1931).

³The portion within the square brackets was substituted for the words, figures and letter "a Special Judge appointed under section 51D for the purpose of this section" by s. 23 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

⁴The words within the first brackets were substituted for the words "the Additional District Magistrate" by s. 46(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

(Chapter VI SA.—Preparation or revision of record-of-rights.— Section 51B.)

Provided that every appeal pending before a Special Judge appointed under section 51D at the commencement of section 19 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1971, shall, on such commencement, stand transferred to, and be disposed of by, (the prescribed authority superior in rank to the authority from whose order the appeal is preferred) and on such transfer, every such appeal shall be dealt with from the stage at which it was so transferred and shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this Act, as amended by the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.]

Pre s
idem S- Act
3 of 1971,

(6) The certificate of final publication referred to in sub-section (2), or in the absence of such certificate, a certificate signed by the Collector of any district in which the area to which the record-of-rights relates is wholly or partly situated, stating that a record-of-rights has been finally published on a specified date, shall be conclusive proof of such publication and of the date thereof.

West Ben.
Act XII of
1972,

(7) The State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare with regard to any area specified in the notification that the record-of-rights for every village included in such area has been finally published and such notification shall be conclusive proof of such publication.

(8) In any suit or other proceeding in which a record-of-rights revised or prepared and finally published under this Chapter, or a duly certified copy of the record or an extract therefrom, is produced, such record-of-rights shall be presumed to have been finally published unless such publication is expressly denied.

(9) Every entry in the record-of-rights finally published under subsection (2) including an entry revised under sub-section (4) or corrected under section 51B [or section 51BB] shall, subject to any modification by an order on appeal under sub-section (5), be presumed to be correct. * * * * *

"SIB. (1) Any Revenue Officer specially empowered by the State Government in this behalf may, on an application or on his own motion, at any stage of revision or preparation of the record-of-rights under this Chapter but before final publication of any such record-of-rights, revise or correct any entry in such record-of-rights after giving the persons interested an opportunity of being heard and after recording the reasons therefor:

Revision or
correction of
entry in
record-of-
rights.

¹ See footnote 5 on page 654, *unit*.
The words, figures and tellers within the square brackets were inserted by s. 17(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).
² The words "until it is proved by evidence to be incorrect" were omitted by s. 11 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Ben. Act XXXIII of 1974).
³ Section 51B was substituted for the original section by s. 47 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

¹³ See footnote 2 on page 654, *anc*.

¹ Section 51C was renumbered as sub-section (1) of that section and after sub-section (1) as so renumbered, sub-section (2) was inserted by s. 12 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Ben. Act XXXIII of 1974).

[West Ben. Act

(Chapter VHA.—Preparation or revision of record-of-rights.— Sections 5JBB, 51C, 5JD.)

Provided that any order made under this sub-section shall be appealable in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 51 A.

Revision or
correction of
entry in
record-of-
rights before
or after final
publication.

51BB. An officer specially empowered in his behalf by the State Government may revise or correct any entry in any record-of-rights in respect of a mauza at any stage before or after final publication of such record-of-rights under this Chapter if it is necessary, in his opinion, to do so in pursuance of an order under Chapter IIB or on account of any amendment made in the provisions of this Act:

Provided that no such revision or correction shall be made, except when it is necessary to do so in order to prepare a separate *khatian* as required under sub-section (5) of section 51 by amalgamating the *khatieus* in respect of a *raiyat* already prepared or finally published under this Chapter or to correct a *bona fide* mistake, until a notice has been given to the persons interested to appear and be heard in the matter.

Bar to
jurisdiction
on of
Civil
Court in
respect
of
certain
matters.

³51C. (1) When an order has been made under sub-section (1) of section 51 directing revision or preparation of a record-of-rights, no Civil Court shall entertain any suit or application for the determination of revenue or the incidents of any tenancy to which the record-of-rights relates, and if any suit or application in which any of the aforesaid matters is in issue, is pending before a Civil Court on the date of such order, it shall be stayed and it shall, on the expiry of the period prescribed for an appeal under sub-section (5) of section 51A or when such an appeal has been filed under that sub-section, as the case may be, on the disposal of such appeal, abate so far as it relates to any of the aforesaid matters.

³(2) No Civil Court shall entertain any suit or application concerning any land if it relates to alteration of any entry in the record-of-rights finally published, revised, corrected or modified under any of the provisions of this Chapter.

*Explanation.*⁶ In this section "suit" includes an appeal.

⁵51D. [(Appointment of Special Judge.)—Omitted by s. 24 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972)].

X of 1956.]

(Chapter VIII.—Management of Lands.—Sections 52-52B.)

CHAPTER VIII.

[Management of Lands.]

*52. (1) All lands to which this Act applies shall be deemed to have been held under the State on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.

(2) Any land belonging to the State or land which is at the disposal of the State Government or held under the State by virtue of the provisions of the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act, 1953 or this Act or any other law in force shall, unless the State Government otherwise directs by any general or special order, be managed, in such manner as may be prescribed, by the Collector of the district under whose jurisdiction the lands are situated subject to the control of the State Government.

Management of lands.

West Ben. Act I of 1954.

(3) If the State Government is of opinion that different sets of rules are necessary for the management of different classes or descriptions of lands or lands of different areas, it may make different sets of rules under this section.

(4) Until rules made under this section come into operation, management of any land covered by this Act shall continue to be made in accordance with the existing law or rules or manual or principles, whichever may apply.

52A. The State Government may, while making rules under section 52, provide for the establishment of any Government Company or any co-operative society or any institution in the public interest for utilisation of any land.

Provision for establishment of Government Company, etc.

52B. Notwithstanding anything in any other law for the time being in force or in any custom, usage or contract or in any agreement, decree, order, decision or award of any court, tribunal or other authority, the State Government shall be entitled to enter upon and take possession of any land which is at the disposal of the State Government by evicting, if necessary, any person therefrom by an order of the prescribed authority in accordance with the provisions of section 49.

Power to evict or take possession of land.

Explanation.—The expression "any land at the disposal of the State Government" shall include any land of which any lease, or licence has been determined by the application of any law, by efflux of time, due to rescission of lease, leave or licence or due to violation of the terms of the lease, leave or licence, as the case may be, or for any other reason, and any land which has been abandoned by the lessee or licensee.

The heading under Chapter VIII was substituted for the original heading "Management of estates vested in the State" by s. 48 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act I of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

Section 52 was substituted for the original section by s. 40, *ibid.*
Sections 52A and 52B were inserted by s. 50, *ibid.*

(Chapter IX.—Miscellaneous.—Sections 53, 53A, 54.)

CHAPTER IX.

Miscellaneous.

Delegation of powers by the State Government. 53. The State Government may by a notification in the *Official Gazette* delegate any of the powers under [sub-section (2A) of section 4,³[sub-section (2) of section 14U], section 22, section 39 and section 40] to be exercised by the prescribed authority subject to such reservation as may be specified in the notification.

Revenue Officer to be a necessary party in all suits, etc. 53A. Notwithstanding anything contained elsewhere in this Act or in any law for the time being in force, the Revenue Officer having jurisdiction in the area in which any land is situated shall be necessary party to all suits of a civil nature relating to any such land or portion thereof in which one of the parties to the suit is a member of any Scheduled Tribe and the other party is not a member of any Scheduled Tribe.

Appeals. 54. (1) Subject to any special provisions for appeal made in this Act or in any rules made under this Act, an appeal shall lie in the manner indicated below:⁵(a) to a Collector, when the order is made by a Revenue Officer or revenue authority below the rank of a Collector; (b) to the Commissioner of the Division, when the order is made by the Collector of a district within the Division;

—]* * * * *
⁶(2) Where, at the commencement of section 22 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1971, any appeal is pending before the Member, Board of Revenue, such appeal shall, notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), be disposed of by such Member.

(3) After any appeal is preferred to a Collector, he may transfer the appeal to any officer subordinate to him as may be prescribed:

Provided that the officer to whom the appeal is transferred is superior in rank or position to the officer or authority making the order appealed against.

¹Tbt; words, figures and brackets were substituted for the words and figures "sections 6, 22, 39 and 40" by s. 5 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1966 (West Ben. XI of 1966).

²The words, figures, letters and brackets within the square brackets were substituted for the word and figure "section 6" by s. 7 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XXVIII of 1972).

³Section 53A was inserted by s. 25 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

⁴Section 54 was renumbered as sub-section (1) of that section and in sub-section (1) as so renumbered, clause (c) and the proviso thereof were omitted by s. 26(i), *ibid.*

⁵Clause (a) was substituted for the original clause by s. 51(1) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.61.

⁶After renumbering of sub-section (1) as per footnote 4 above, sub-sections (2), (3) and (4) were added by s. 26(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972). Thereafter, sub-section (3) was substituted by s. 51(2) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

(Chapter IX.—Miscellaneous.—Sections 55-57.)

¹(4) An order passed in appeal shall be final.

²(5) Notwithstanding anything contained elsewhere in this Act, the State Government may, on its own motion, correct, any erroneous decision passed by any Revenue Officer or by any officer in an appeal under the foregoing provisions of this section and any such order passed by the State Government shall be final and shall not be called in question in any court.

55. Save as expressly provided in this Act or the rules made thereunder, the period of limitation for an appeal under section 54 shall run from the date of the order appealed against and shall be as follows,

that is to say—

(a) when the appeal lies ³[to a Collector]— thirty days;

(b) when the appeal lies to the Commissioner of a Division—
sixty days;

J * * * * *

56. A Revenue Officer, or any officer authorised by him subject to ^{Power} to
any rules made under this Act, may at any time enter upon any land but ^{enter upon} not a dwelling house with such officers or other persons as he considers ^{make} necessary, and ^{make} a survey or take measurement thereof or ^{do} any other acts which he considers to be necessary for carrying out any of his duties under this Act.
survey, el

⁵57. Subject to the provisions of this Act and any rules made thereunder, any officer in dealing with proceedings under this Act shall **5 or 1908**, exercise the powers of a Civil Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the purpose of—

- (a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath as a witness,
- (b) requiring the discovery and production of any document or . . . record,

Powers of officers dealing with proceedings under this Act.

¹See footnote 6 on page 658, ante.

²Sub-section (5) was added by s. 5113 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words "or to the Additional District Magistrate" were first inserted by s. 27(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972). Thereafter, the words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "to the Collector or to the Additional District Magistrate" by s. 52 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

³Clause (c) was omitted by s. 27(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

⁵Section 57 was substituted for the original section by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1978 (West Ben. Act XXXVII of 1978).

[West Ben. Act
660

Vie West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.

(Chapter IX.—Miscellaneous.—Sections 58, 59.)

- (c) receiving evidence on affidavits,
- (d) requisitioning any public record or copy thereof from any Court or office,
- (e) issuing commission for the examination of witnesses or document,
- (f) enforcing or executing orders including an order for restoration of possession as if such orders were decrees of a Civil Court,
- (g) remanding any case or proceedings to the officer from whose decree the appeal is preferred,

and such officer shall record the substance of the evidence, if any, taken by him.

Protection of
action taken
under this
Act.

58. (1) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or any rules made thereunder.

(2) No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against the State Government for any damage caused or likely to be caused or for any injury suffered or likely to be suffered by virtue of any provisions of this Act or by anything in good faith done or

Repeal.

59. [Without prejudice to the provisions of clause (p) of section 2 of the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act, 1953, the following Regulation and Acts are hereby repealed, namely:—
- (1) The Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Regulation, 1825.
 - (2) The Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Act, 1847.
 - (3) The Bengal Alluvial Land Settlement Act, 1858.
 - (4) The Bengal Rent Act, 1859.
 - (5) The Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885.
 - (6) The Cooch Bchar Tenancy Act, 1910.
 - (7) The West Bengal *Bargadars* Act, 1950.

West Ben.
Act I of
1954.

Ben, Rcgn. XI
of 1825.

Act of 1847.

XXXI of 1858.

X of 1859.

VI of 1885.

Cooch Bchar
Act V of 1910.

West Ben. Act 11 of
1950.

intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or any rules made thereunder.

(Chapter IX.—Miscellaneous.—Sections 60-63.)

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60. (1) The State Government may, after previous publication, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

Power to make rules.

(2) The rules so made shall have effect as if they were incorporated in this Act.

5 of 1908.

¹61. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 or any other law for the time being in force or in any decree, judgment, decision or award of any court, tribunal or authority, no court shall have jurisdiction to determine any question relating to any land or connected with any matter which is required to be or which has been enquired into or decided by any Revenue Officer or prescribed authority or any officer or authority under the provisions of this Act.

Bar to jurisdiction of court.

(2) Any Revenue Officer or prescribed authority or other officer or authority empowered under the provisions of this Act shall have exclusive jurisdiction to enquire into and decide any question relating to any land in connection with any matter which is required to be enquired into or decided by any prescribed authority or other officer or authority under the provisions of this Act.

(3) Nothing in sub-section (1) and sub-section (2) shall be deemed to affect any right which the parties to any dispute may otherwise have against each other.

³62. The State Government may give such directions, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, to any Collector, Revenue Officer or prescribed authority under this Act as may appear to the State Government to be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act or any rule made thereunder.

Power to State Government to give directions.

West Ben.
Act L of
1981.
West Ben.
Act XX of
1949,

¹63. (1) With effect from the date of coming into force of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 in any district or in any area of Calcutta, such provisions of the West Bengal Non-Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1949, as are repugnant to the provisions of this Act, shall cease to have effect in that district or area.

Repeal and savings.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-section (1) any proceeding pending on the date of such coming into force before any authority appointed under the West Bengal Non-Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1949 or before any court shall be continued or disposed of as if the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 had not come into force in that district or area.

The proviso was omitted by s. 20(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVII of 1965).

For rules made in exercise of the power conferred by s. 60 of the Act, see notification No. 9796-L. Ref., dated the 1st June, 1956, published in the *Calcutta Gazette. Extraordinary*, dated the 2nd June, 1956. Part 1, page 1355, as subsequently amended from time to time.

Sections 61, 62 and 63 were inserted by s. 53 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

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GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL LAW DEPARTMENT

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Legislative

West Bengal Act XXXI of 2000

THE WEST BENGAL LAND REFORMS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2000.

[Passed by the West Bengal Legislature.]

[Assent of the President of India was first published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, of the 14th March, 2001.]

[14th March, 2001.]

An Act to amend the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.

Wesi Ben. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the West Bengal Land Reforms Act,
fes * 1955, for the purposes and in the manner hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted in the Fifty-first Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as follows:ô

1. (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Land Reforms Shoniiiile (Amendment) Act, 2000. and

(2) Save as otherwise provided in this Act, it shall be deemed to have ^{n,emn} ~~commence-~~ come into force on the 7th day of August, 1969.

2. (1) In section 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955 Amendment (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act),ô

orWes°Ben.

(a) in clause (2), after the words "the produce of such land from ^ * Df that person", the following words, letters and brackets shall be inserted:ô

buL does not include a person who is related to the owner of the land asô

- (a) wife, or
- (b) husband, or
- (c) child, or
- (d) grand child, or

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.

[West Ben. Act

(Sections 3-5.)

- (e) parent, or
 - (f) grant parent, or
 - (g) brother, or
 - (h) sister, or
 - (i) brother's son or brother's daughter, or (j) sister's son or sister's daughter, or (k) daughter's husband, or
 - (l) son's wife, or (m) wife's brother or wife's sister, or (n) brother's wife", and (b) for clause (6), the following clause shall be substituted:ô
- '(6) "co-sharer of a *raiyat* in a plot of land" means a person,
other than the *raiyat*, who has an undemarcated interest in the
plot of land along with the *raiyat*.'

Amendment 3. in section 4A of the principal Act,ô
or section
4A.

- (1) for the words "Deputy Commissioned, wherever they occur,"
the word "Collector*" shall be substituted;
- (2) in sub-section (1),ô
 - (a) for the word "holding" in the two places where it occurs, the
words "plot of land" shall be substituted, and
 - (b) the following proviso shall be added at the end:ô
"Provided that in giving directions as aforesaid, the Collector
shall follow such procedure as may be prescribed.";
- (3) in sub-section (2), for the words "one hundred rupees", the words
"one thousand rupees" shall be substituted.

Amendment 4, To sub-section (I) of section 4C of the principal Act, the following *Section Explanation*
shall be added:ô

*Explanation.*ô For the purposes of this sub-section, mode of use of land may be
residential, commercial, industrial, agriculture excluding plantation of tea,
pisciculture, forestry, sericulture, horticulture, public utilities or other use of land".

of section 4D.
4D.

section of the principal Act,ô
CO in sub-section (1), for the words "shall be an offence punishable
with imprisonment which may extend to three years or

XXXI of 2000.]
The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.

(Sections 6-8.)

with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with " both: the words "shall be a cognizable and non-bailable offence and shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine which may extend to fifty thousand rupees or with both:" shall be substituted;

(2) sub-section (2) shall be omitted.

6. In section 5 of the principal Act, for the word "holding", wherever Amendment of section 5. it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

7. In section 7 of the principal Act, Amend mem
(1) in the marginal note, for the word "holdings.", the words ^{c.f.section 7,} "plots of land." shall be substituted;

(2) in sub-section (1), for the word "holding", wherever it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

8. In sub-section (1) of section 8 of the principal Act, Amend mem

(1) for the words "holding of a *raiyat*", the words "plot of land of ^{or 50.110118} - a *raiyat*" shall be substituted;

(2) for the words "co-sharer in the holding", the words "co-sharer of a *raiyat* in the plot of land" shall be substituted;

(3) for the words "*bargadar* in the holding", the words "*bar# mfa r* in the plot of land" shall be substituted;

(4) for the words "co-sharer *raiyat* of the holding", the words "co-sharer of a *raiyat* in the plot of land" shall be substituted;

(5) for the words "adjoining such holding", the words "adjoining such plot of land" shall be substituted;

(6) for the words "share of the holding", the words "share of the plot of land" shall be substituted;

(7) in the first proviso, Amend mem

(a) for the words "*bargadar* in the holding.", the words "*bargadar* in the plot of land," shall be substituted,

(b) for the words "co-sharer *raiyat*", the words "co-sharer of a *raiyat* in a plot of land" shall be substituted,

(c) for the words "adjoining such holding", the words "adjoining such plot of land" shall be substituted, and

(d) for the words "share of the holding", the words "share - of the plot of land" shall be substituted;

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.

[West Ben. Act

(Sections 9-72.J

- (8) in the second proviso,ô
- " (a) for the words "co-sharer *raiyat*", [he words "co-sharer of a *raiyat* in a plot of land" shall be substituted,
- (b) for the words "adjoining such holding", the words "adjoining such plot of land" shall be substituted, and
- (c) for lbe words "share of lbe holding", the words "share of lbe plot of land" shall be substituted;
- (9) in the third proviso, for the words "adjoining such holding", the words "adjoining such plot of land" shall be substituted.

Amtdnrceni 9, jn section 9 of the principal Act,ô
or seciion 9,

- (1) in sub-section (1), for the words "share of the holding" in lbe two places where they occur, the words "share of lbe plot of land" shall be substituted;
- (2) in sub-section (2),ô
- (a) for the words "such holding", the words "such plot of land" shall be substituted,
- (b) for the words "co-sharer *raiyat*", the words "co-sharer of a *raiyat* in a plot of land" shall be substituted, and
- (c) for the words "land adjoining the holding", the words "land adjoining [he ploL of land or *bargadar*." shall be substituted;
- (3) in sub-section (3),ô
- (a) for the words "co-sharer *raiyat* or *raiyat* holding adjoining land," the words "co-sharer of a *raiyat* in a ploLof land or *raiyat* holding adjoining land **ot** *bargadar*," shall be substituted, and
- (b) for the words "share of the holding", lbe words "share of the plot of land" shall be substituted;
- (4) in sub-section (4), for the word "holding" in [he [wo places where it occurs, lbe words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

ofsciiemio 10' 1° clause (a) of section 10 of the principal Act, for the word "holding", the words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

Omission of H. Section 11 of the principal Act shall be omitted.
icciion [J.

Amendmenl 12. In section 12 of ihe principal Act,ô
of section 12.

- (1) for the words "a holding," the words "a plot of land," shall be substituted, and

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.
XXXI of 2000.]

(Sections 13-18.)

(2) for the words "the holding", the words "the plot of land" shall be substituted.

13. In section 14 of the principal Act,

A mend mem
of section 14.

(1) for the marginal note, the following marginal note shall be substituted:

"Partition of plot of land among co-sharers of a *raiyyat* in plot of land.";

(2) in sub-section (1),

(a) for the word "holding", the words "plot of land" shall be substituted;

*

(b) for [the words "co-sharer *raiyyats* owning it", the words "co-sharers of a *raiyyat* owning it" shall be substituted;

(3) in sub-section (2), for the word "holding", the words "plot of land" shall be substituted;

(4) in sub-section (3), for the word "holding", wherever it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted;

(5) in sub-section (4), for the word "holding" in the two places where it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted;

(6) in sub-section (5), for the word "holdings", the words "plots of land" shall be substituted;

(7) in sub-section (6), for the words "co-sharer *raiyyats*", the words "co-sharers of a *raiyyat* in a plot of land" shall be substituted.

14. In section 14B of the principal Act, for the word "holding", the Amendment words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

18^{OD}

15. In section 14C of the principal Act, for the word "holding", Amendment

of see Lion

wherever it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

16. In section 14E of the principal Act, for the word "holding", Amendment wherever it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

ME^{6****1}

17. In section 14F of the principal Act, for the word "holding", Amendment wherever it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

18. - In section 14G of [the principal Act, for the word "holding", Amendment wherever it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.

[West Ben. Act

(Section 19.)

A-dm-¹ 19. In Chapter TIB of the principal Act,⁶

ira, :

- (1) in the heading, for the word "Holdings.", the words "Land held by a *Raiyat*." shall be substituted;
- (2) in section 14K, after clause (e), the following clause shall be inserted, and shall be deemed to have been inserted, with effect from the 27th day of August, 1996:⁶
*(ee) "Planning Area" shall have the same meaning as in the West Ben. West Bengal Town and Country (Planning and ¹Development) Act, 1979;';
- (3) in sub-section (3) of section 14T, in the second proviso, for the word "holding" in the two places where it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted;
- (4) in section 14Y,—
 - {a) in the first proviso, for the words "or township in accordance with the provisions of", the words "or township in a Planning Area as may be permitted to be developed under" shall be substituted, and shall be deemed to have been substituted, with effect from the 27th day of August, 1996,
 - (b) in the second proviso, for the words "two years", the words "three years" shall be substituted, and shall be deemed to have been substituted, with effect from the 27th day of August, 1996,
 - (c) the *Explanation* shall be renumbered as *Explanation I*, and after *Explanation*/as so renumbered, the following *Explanation* shall be inserted, and shall be deemed to have been inserted, with effect from the 27th day of August, 1996:⁶
¹ *Explanation II.* "Township" shall mean a centre of urban population with defined boundaries within a Planning Area having, or proposing to have, usual urban facilities and approved as such by the appropriate Department of the State Government.';
- (5) in clause (2) of section 14Z,⁶
 - (a) after the words "poultry farming or dairy,"¹, the words, figures and brackets "or township in a Planning Area as may be permitted to be developed under the West Bengal Town and Country (Planning and Development) Act, 1979," shall be inserted, and

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.
XXXI of 2000.]

(Sections 20-22.)

(b) in the first proviso, after the words "poultry farming or dairy," the words, figures and brackets "or township in a Planning Area as may be permitted to be developed under the West Bengal Town and Country (Planning and Development) Act, 1979," shall be inserted.

West Ben.
Act of
191Q.

20. In sub-section (1) of section 15 of the principal Act,

- (1) in the marginal note, for the word "holdings", the words "plots of land" shall be substituted;
- (2) in sub-section (1), for the word "holding", the words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

Amendment
of section 15.

21. To sub-section (5) of section 20B of the principal Act, the following proviso shall be added, and shall be deemed to have been added, with effect from the 27th day of August, 1996:

of 1894.

"Provided that subject to the payment of compensation by a transferee to a *bargadar* under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, and the rules made thereunder, nothing in this sub-section shall apply to any land intended to be utilised for any of the purposes referred to in the first proviso to section 14Y."

Amendment of
see Li on
20B.

22. For Chapter IV of the principal Act, the following Chapter shall be substituted, and shall be deemed to have been substituted, with effect from the 14th day of April, 1981:

Substitution
of new
Chapter for
Chapter IV.

'CHAPTER IV

Provisions as to revenue.

- 22. (1) A raiyat shall be liable to pay revenue for his plot of land.

Liability to
pay revenue.

(2) Revenue shall be a first charge on land held by the *raiyat*.

23. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any judgement, decree, or order of any court or tribunal or in any law for the time being in force, a *raiyat* shall pay as revenue in the following manner with effect from such date as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, specify for his land:

- (a) above 6 acres, rupees 20 per acre;

West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.

(Section 22.)

- (b) comprised in tea garden and land used for cultivation of tea, rupees 30 per acre;
- (c) used for mill, factory, workshop or other commercial purposes in rural areas, rupees 3 per decimal;
- (d) used for mill, factory, workshop or other commercial purposes in urban areas, rupees 4 per decimal or the rent as on the day immediately before the date specified in the notification as aforesaid, whichever is higher;
- (e) used for non-agricultural purposes including homestead in the urban areas, other than urban agglomeration referred to in clause (f), rupees 2 per decimal;
- (f) used for non-agricultural purposes including homestead in an urban agglomeration as defined in the Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulations) Act, 1976, rupees 3 per decimal.

33 of 1976-

Explanation. "Urban area" shall mean

- (1) any area within the local limits of a Municipality, or
- (2) any area constituted by the State Government as a notified West Ben. area under the West Bengal Municipal Act, 1993, or **ISM**
- (3) such area in a newly developing locality as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, specify.

Exemption 24. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, and payment of cess and surcharge.

- (a) where the Revenue Officer on his own motion or on an application made by a *raiyat* makes an order that the total area of land held by a *raiyat* and his family does not exceed 2.428 hectares, the *raiyat* and his family shall be exempted from paying revenue with effect from the 1st day of Baisakh, 1385 B.S.:

Provided that such exemption shall not affect the liability of the *raiyat* to pay any cess imposed on him under the Cess Ben. Act IX Act, 1880, or the West Bengal Primary Education Act, 1973,

C5 L P 11a

or the West Bengal Rural Employment and Production Act, Act XLIII of 1976, or any other law for the time being in force, on the basis of the revenue of his land determined under section 23: Act XIV of

Provided further that no exemption shall be made in respect of any land which lies within

1976.

- (a) any area within the local limits of a Municipality, or

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.
XXXI of 2000.]

(Section 22.)

- West Ben.
or
33 of 1976.
- (b) any area constituted by the State Government as a notified area under section 378 of the West Bengal Municipal Act, 1993, or
- (c) any area in a newly-developing locality as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, specify, or
- (d) any area within an urban agglomeration as defined in clause (n) of section 2 of the Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Act, 1976, or
- (e) any area which is used for mill, factory, workshop or other commercial purposes;
- (b) where the land held by a *raiyat* and his family is situated in both irrigated and non-irrigated areas, then, for the purposes of calculating the total area of land of the *raiyat* and his family, one hectare of land in irrigated area shall be deemed to be equivalent to 1.5 hectares of land in non-irrigated area;
- (c) if any amount already paid by a *raiyat* is in excess of the revenue payable by him under this section, the amount paid in excess shall be refunded to him, but if there is any deficiency in such payment, such deficiency shall be recovered from him as an arrear of revenue under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, without any claim for interest being made on such deficiency.
- Ben. act
of 1913.

Explanation. For the purposes of this section, (i) "family", in relation to a *raiyat*, shall be deemed to consist of himself, his wife, minor sons and unmarried daughters, if any, and (ii) "irrigated area" shall have the same meaning as in clause (d) of section 14K.

(2) Any person aggrieved by an order made by the Revenue Officer under clause (a) of sub-section (1) may, within thirty days from the date of such order or within such further time as such authority may, on sufficient causes being shown, appeal to such authority as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, specify.

25. The revenue payable by a *raiyat* may, in the absence of any order made by the Revenue Officer, be determined by the Revenue Officer, if the land held by the *raiyat* and his family has increased or decreased in area by division, amalgamation, purchase, partition, subdivision, acquisition or any other cause whatsoever subsequent to the determination of revenue.

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.

[West Ben. Act

(Section 23J

26. No suit or other legal proceedings shall be instituted in any Civil Court in respect of the determination of any revenue or the omission to determine any revenue under this Chapter.

27. (1) A rarya/shall pay revenue in such instalments, in such manner, and at such times, as may be prescribed.

Payment of revenue shall be made at the office of the Revenue Inspector or at such other places and in such manner as may be prescribed.

(3) Any instalment of revenue or pari thereof which is not duly paid within the prescribed time shall be deemed to be an arrear.

28. Every rarya/shall, on making payment of revenue, be entitled to obtain forthwith a written receipt in the prescribed form for the amount paid by him, signed by the person authorised to make collection of revenue.

29. The provisions of this Chapter shall have effect overriding notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the West Bengal Land Holding Revenue Act, 1979.

of

30. The West Bengal Land Holding Revenue Act, ACT XLIV of 1979, shall stand repealed with effect from such date as the State Government may by notification in the *Official Gazette*, appoint.

Amendment 23. In Chapter V of the principal Act,

of Chapter

v.

- (1) in the heading, for the word "holdings," the words "plots of land" shall be substituted;
- (2) in section 39, for the word "holdings", wherever it occurs, the words "plots of land" shall be substituted;
- (3) in section 40,
 - (a) for the words "the holdings", the words "the plots of land" shall be substituted, and
 - (b) for the words "a holdings", the words "a plot of land" shall be substituted;
- (4) in section 41, for the word "holding" in the two places where it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.
XXXI of 2000.]

(Sections 24-27.)

24. In section 49 of the principal Act,
- tr. (1) In sub-section (1), after the second proviso, the following proviso shall be inserted:
- "Provided also that nothing in this sub-section shall apply to any case when freehold title-deed for land is given to a bonafide refugee in accordance with such norms as may be prescribed by the appropriate Department of the State Government."
- (2) in sub-section (5), for the words "or township approved under", the words "or township in an area declared to be a Planning Area under" shall be substituted.
25. Section 50 of the principal Act shall be renumbered as subsection (t) of that section and
- A mend mem
of section 50.
- (1) in sub-section (1) as so renumbered, for the word "holdings" in the two places where it occurs, the words "plots of land" shall be substituted, and
- (2) after sub-section (1) as so renumbered, the following sub-section shall be inserted:
- "(2) For every mouza in any district for which computerisation of land-record has been completed, the original set of finally published record-of-rights prepared under section 51A for such mouza of such district shall be preserved, and a set of computerised print-out of the finally published record of such mouza, duly authenticated by the prescribed authority, shall be taken up for updating and for issue of certified copies through computer. Such computerised record-of-rights, duly authenticated by the prescribed authority, shall be presumed to be correct, and on a par with the original copy of, record-of-rights."
26. In the proviso to section 50A of the principal Act, for the words "Revenue Officers specially empowered", the words "prescribed authority appointed" shall be substituted.
- Amendment of
section 50 A.
27. After section 50A of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted:
- 50B. (1) The State Government may, in any case where it so thinks fit, make an order by notification published in the *Official Gazette*, directing that the record-of-rights in respect of a district or part of a district, as maintained up-to-date under section 50, be modified by eliminating from such record the entries, if any, which have been deleted and scored out under this section from time to time.
- Insertion of
new section
50B.

~~West Bengal~~ *West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.*

(Section 28.)

(2) When an order is made under sub-section (1), the prescribed authority appointed under section 50 (hereinafter referred to in this section as the prescribed authority) shall modify in the prescribed manner the record-of-rights in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1).

(3) When a record-of-rights is modified, the prescribed authority shall publish a draft of the record modified in the prescribed manner and for the prescribed period and shall receive and consider any objection to any entry therein or to any omission therefrom.

(4) When all such objections under sub-section (3) have been considered and disposed of, the prescribed authority shall cause the modified record to be finally published in the prescribed manner and shall certify the fact of final publication and the date thereof and shall date and superscribe the same under his name and official designation.

(5) Any officer specially empowered by the State Government in this behalf may, within such period as may be prescribed, revise in the prescribed manner any entry in a record finally published under subsection (4) after giving the person or persons interested an opportunity of being heard and after recording reasons therefor.

(6) Every entry in a modified record-of-rights finally published under sub-section (4), including any entry revised under sub-section (5), shall be presumed to be correct.

(7) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a record-of-rights in respect of a village, the revision or preparation of which has commenced under Chapter VIIA, but shall apply to such record-of-rights after its final publication under sub-section (2) of section 51 A.

(8) When an order has been made under sub-section (1), no Civil Court shall entertain any suit or application which involves correction, revision, modification or cancellation of any entry in the record-of-rights of a village in accordance with such order, till the record-of-rights relating to such village is finally published under sub-section (4), and if any suit or application relating to any entry in such record-of-rights is pending before a Civil Court on the date of issue of such order, such suit or application, as the case may be, shall abate."

28. In section 51A of the principal Act,

(I) In sub-section (4), for the words "within three years," the words "within twenty-five years," shall be substituted;

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2000.
XXXI of 2000.]

(Sections 29, 30.)

(2) for sub-section (5), the following sub-section shall be substituted:ô

"(5) Any person aggrieved by an order passed in revision under sub-section (4) may, within such period, and on payment of such fee, as may be prescribed, appeal in the prescribed manner to the prescribed authority of the district in which [the land referred to in the record-of-rights is situated:

Provided that where the appeal is preferred to a Collector, he may transfer the appeal to such officer subordinate to him as may be prescribed:

Provided further that the officer to whom the appeal is transferred is superior in rank or position to the officer or authority making the order appealed against."

29. After section 57 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted:ô

57A. The State Government may, by order published in the *Official Gazette*, vest any officer or authority with all or any of the powers of a Civil Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908."

Sof 1908.

Insertion of
new section
57 A.

30. Anything done or any action taken under the principal Act as amended by [his Act before the publication of this Act in the *Official Gazette* shall be deemed to have been validly done or taken under the principal Act as amended by this Act as if this Act were in force when such thing was done or such action was taken.

Saving and
validation.

"Vesting of
powers of
Civil Court
under the
Code of
Civil
Procedure,
1908.

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TUESDAY, AUGUST 14, 2003

[SAKA 1925]

PART III Acts of the West Bengal Legislature **GOVERNMENT OF WEST
BENGAL LAW DEPARTMENT
Legislative**

NOTIFICATION

No. 1363-L. 14th August, 2003. The following Act of the West Bengal Legislature, having been assented to by the Governor, is hereby published for general information:

West Bengal Act XVIII of 2003

THE WEST BENGAL LAND REFORMS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2003.

[Passed by the West Bengal Legislature]

[Assent of the Governor was first published in the *Kolkata Gazette, Extraordinary*, of the 14th August, 2003.]

An Act to amend the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955. THE KOLKATA GAZETTE, EXTRAORDINARY, AUGUST 14, 2003

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, West Bengal Act 1955, for the purpose and in the manner hereinafter appearing; X of 1956

It is hereby enacted in the Forty-eighth Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as follows : —

- Short title and Commencement
1. (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2003.
- t (2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, appoint.

THE KOLKATA GAZETTE, EXTRAORDINARY, AUGUST 14, 2003

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2003. (Sections 4.6)

Amendment of section 2 of West Bengal Act x of 1956

2. In section 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act),⁶

(1) after sub-clause (in) of clause (2), the following sub-clause shall be inserted
"(ma) husband's brother, or";

(2) for clause (5), the following clause shall be substituted:-

'(5) "consolidation" includes re-alignment of a plot of land Or rearrangement of parcels of land comprised in different plots of land for the purpose of rendering such pious of land more compact;

(3) in clause (6A), for the word "holding", in two places where it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 4

3. In section 4 of the principal Act, -

(1) in sub-section (1), for the word "holding", in two plates where it occurs the words "plot of land" shall *be* substituted.

(2) in sub-section (2 A), for the word "holding", in two places where it occurs, the words "plot of land" shall be substituted;

(3) in sub-section(4) for the word "holding', wherever it occurs, the words plot of land" shall be substituted,

(4) in sub- section (5), for the word "holding", the words "plot of land" shall be substituted

Sub- section (1) of section 14Q of the principal Act shall be omitted.

5. For sub-section (2B) of section 19 of the principal Act, (he following sub-section shall be substituted :-

Amendment of section 140
Amendment of section 19

4.

"(2B) The Collector may transfer any appeal, whether transferred to, or filed before, him, for disposal to any officer subordinate to him as may be prescribed :

Provided that the officer to whom the appeal is transferred is superior in rank or position to the officer or authority making the order appealed against and every such appeal shall *be* dealt with from the stage at which it was so transferred and shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this Act."

Amendment of section 23

6 In section 23 of the principal Act,⁶

(1) for clause (c), the following clause shall be substituted -"(c) used for mill, factory, workshop and other commercial purposes in rural areas, rupees 20 per decimal;"

(2) after clause (c), the following clause shall be substituted

"(ca) used for non-agricultural purpose including homestead in the rural areas, rupees 2 per decimal;"

(3) for clause (d),the following clause shall be inserted

THE KOLKATA GAZETTE, EXTRAORDINARY, AUGUST 14, 2003

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2003.
(Sections 4.6)

"(d) used for mill, factory, workshop or other commercial pm purposes in the areas within the local limits of any Municipal Corporation or Municipality, other than the areas of the Kolkata Metropolitan Development Authority, -

- (i) rupees 175 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limits of any Municipal Corporation,
- (ii) rupees 150 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limits of any Municipality of Category A,
- (iii) rupees 100 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limits of any Municipality of Category B,
- (iv) rupees 75 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limit of any Municipality of Category C,
- (v) rupees 50 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limits of any Municipality of Category D,
- (vi) rupees 25 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limits of any Municipality of Category E,

(4) for clause (e), the following clause shall be substituted:-

"(e) used for non-agricultural purposes including homestead in the areas within the local limits of any Municipal Corporation or Municipality, other than the areas of the Kolkata Metropolitan Development Authority,δ

- (i) rupees 35 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limits of any Municipal
- (ii) rupees 25 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limits of any Municipality of Category A.
- (iii) rupees 20 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limits of any Municipality of Category B,
- (iv) rupees 15 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limits of any Municipality of Category C.
- (v) rupees 10 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limits of any Municipality of Category D,
- (vi) rupees 5 per decimal, where such land is situated within the local limits of any Municipality of Category E, .

(5) for clause (f), the following clause shall be substituted :-

"(f) used for agricultural purposes, at the rate as laid down in clause (a)

Provided that if the land used for agricultural purposes is converted into the land used for non-agricultural purposes, the revenue for such land shall be payable in accordance with relevant provisions of this section.";

THE KOLKATA GAZETTE, EXTRAORDINARY, AUGUST 14, 2003

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2003.
(Sections 4.6)

(6) for *Explanation*, the following *Explanations* shall be substituted

"Explanation I,-Municipalities are classified into the following categories on the basis of population as ascertained at the last preceding census of which the relevant figures have been published :

Category A ò municipal areas having population more than 2,15,000

Category B ò municipal areas having population above 1,70,000 but not exceeding 2,15,000;

Category C ò municipal areas having population above 85,000 but not exceeding 1,70,000;

Category D ò municipal areas having population above 35,000 but not 85,000;

Category E ò municipal areas having population not exceeding 35,000

Provided that Darjeeling Municipality is classified as Category A municipality irrespective of the population.

Explanation II ò For the purpose of land-revenue, any area constituted by the State Government as a notified area under the West BengalXXII of 1993 Municipal Act, 1993, shall be construed as municipality of a particular

Explanation III ò An area in a newly developing localities, as the State Government may, by notification in the ***Official Gazette***, specify, shall be construed as municipality of a particular Category on the basis of population "

By order of the Governor,

A.K. BHATTACHARYA, Principal Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal & Secy., Law
Department

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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 2010

[SAKA 1932

PART III Acts of the West Bengal Legislature.

GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL LAW DEPARTMENT Legislative

NOTIFICATION

No. 1414-L. 5th October, 2010. The following Act of the West Bengal Legislature, having been assented to by the Governor is hereby published for general information:

West Bengal Act XXVIII of 2010

THE WEST BENGAL LAND REFORMS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2010.

[Passed by the West Bengal Legislature.]

[Assent of the Governor was first published in the *Kolkata Gazette, Extraordinary*, of the 5th October, 2010.]

An Act to amend the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955, for West Ben. Act X, of 1956, for the purposes and in the manner hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted in the Sixty-first Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as follows:

Short title and commencement.

- (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2010.
- (2) Save as otherwise provided in this Act, it shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, appoint.

(Sections 2-6.)

2. In the *Explanation* to sub-section (1) of section 4 of the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act),⁶

Amendment of
section 4 of West
Ben. Act X of 1956

- (1) in clause (a), for the words "granted under the provisions of this section", the words "granted by the State Government" shall be deemed to have been substituted with effect from the 7th day of August, 1969; and
- (2) in clause (c), after the words, letter and brackets "under clause (g)", the words, letter and brackets "or under clause (f)" shall be deemed to have been inserted with effect from the 7th day of August, 1969.

3. After sub-section (5) of section 4C of the principal Act, the following sub-section shall be deemed to have been inserted with effect from the 7th day of August, 1969:⁶

Amendment of
section 4C.

"(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing provisions of this section, where any plot of land not exceeding 0.03 acre situated in the areas falling within the local limits of any Municipal Corporation or Municipality, or any plot of land not exceeding 0.08 acre situated in the area not falling within the local limits of any Municipal Corporation or Municipality, other than any plot of land having water body of any description or size, has been changed, converted or altered in the area, character or mode of use of such plot of land in violation of the provision of subsection (2) of section 4C and if the State Government, on the basis of any report of the Collector, is of the opinion that it is necessary to do so in the public interest, the State Government may, by order, authorise the Collector to regularise such change, conversion or alteration in the area, character or mode of use of the said plot of land, other than any plot of land having water body of any description or size, on payment of such fee depending on the different character or mode of use of the plot of land, and in such manner, as may be prescribed."

Amendment of
section 14B

4. In section 14B of the principal Act, for the words "any transfer by a *raiyat*", the words, figures and letter "any transfer, other than restoration made under section 14E, by a *raiyat*" shall be substituted.

Amendment of
section 14E.

5. In section 14E of the principal Act,⁶

- (1) in sub-section (2), for the words "the transferor or his successor-in-interest", the words "the transferor or his successor-in-interest, in such manner as may be prescribed" shall be substituted;
- (2) to sub-section (2), the following *Explanation* shall be added:⁶

*'Explanation.*⁶ For the purpose of this sub-section, the word "restoration" shall mean restoration of the plot of land or part thereof which has been transferred by a *raiyat* belonging to a Scheduled Tribe and include an equivalent quantum of plot of land or part thereof of the same character within the near vicinity of the transferred plot of land or part thereof.'

Amendment of
section 14Z

6. In the first proviso to sub-section (1) of section 14Z of the principal Act, after the words, letter and brackets "under clause (g)", the words, letter and brackets "or under clause (f)" shall be deemed to have been inserted with effect from the 7th day of August, 1969.

*The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment)
Act, 2010.*

(Sections 7-9.)

Amendment of
section 23 A

1. In section 23 A of the principal Act, to clause (c), the following *Explanation* shall be added:—

Explanation — For the purpose of this section, the expression "Government sponsored educational institution" means the educational institution which is established under any law of the State of West Bengal, or recognized by the State Government, and is being aided by the State Government.'

Amendment of
section 51 A.

8. In sub-section (4) of section 51A of the principal Act, for the words "within twenty-five years", the words "within thirty-five years" shall be substituted.

Validation

9. The amendments made in the principal Act by section 2, section 3 and section 6 shall be deemed to have been made with effect from the 7th day of August, 1969 and accordingly anything done or any action taken or purported to have been taken or done under the principal Act on or after the said date and before the commencement of this Act, shall, notwithstanding anything contrary contained in any judgement, decree or order of any court, tribunal or other authority, be deemed to be, and to have always been, for all purposes, as validly and effectively taken or done as if the said amendments had been in force at all material time.

By order of the Governor,

K Y. S. MANHAS, *Pr. Secy.-in-charge to the Govt, of West Bengal, Law Department*

registered No. WB/SC-247

No. WB(Part-III)/2012/SAR-16



VAISAKHA 10]

MONDAY, APRIL 30, 2012

[SAKA 1934

PART III Acts of the West Bengal Legislature.

GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL LAW DEPARTMENT Legislative

NOTIFICATION

No. 572-L. 30th April, 2012. The following Act of the West Bengal Legislature, having been assented to by the Governor, is hereby published for general information:

West Bengal Act VI of 2012

THE WEST BENGAL LAND REFORMS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2012.

[Passed by the West Bengal Legislature.]

[Assent of the Governor was first published in the *Kolkata Gazette,*

Extraordinary, of the 30th April, 2012.]

An Act to amend the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955, for the purposes and in the manner hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted in the Sixty-third Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as follows:

Short title and commencement. 2012

1. (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act,

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in *Official Gazette*, specify.

The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2012.

(Sections 2-6.)

Amendment of
section 4 of West
Ben. Act X of 1956.

2. After the proviso to sub-section (4) of section 4 of the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), the following provisos shall be inserted:ô

"Provided further that nothing in this sub-section shall prevent the *raiyat* from leasing out the whole or any part of his plot of land for the purpose of establishing an industrial park or industrial hub or industrial estate or financial hub or a bio-tech park or a food park as per project report duly examined, vetted and approved by the appropriate Department of the State Government:

Provided also that nothing in this sub-section shall prevent any local authority or an authority constituted or established by or under any law for the time being in force or any wholly Government Company as defined in section 617 of the Companies Act, 1956, from leasing out the whole or any part of his plot of land in a township as defined in clause (25) of section 2 of the West Bengal Town and Country (Planning and Development) Act, 1979."

1 of 1956.

West Ben. Act
XIII of 1979.

Amendment of
section 4C.

3. In section 4C of the principal Act,ô

(1) in sub-section (6), for the words "on payment of such fee depending on the different character or mode of use of the plot of land", the words "on payment of such fee depending on the different character or mode of use or size of the plot of land" shall be substituted;

(2) to sub-section (6), the following provisos shall be added:ô

"Provided that the provision of this sub-section shall not apply to any application for regularization of any plot of land where such plot of land is changed, converted or altered in the area, character or mode of use of such plot of land in violation of the provision of sub-section (2) of section 4C, made after such time as may be prescribed:

Provided further that the provision of this sub-section shall not apply to any case where prosecution has been initiated under section 4D."

Amendment of
section 14K.

4. In section 14K of the principal Act, for clause (ee), the following clause shall be substituted:ô

'(ee) "project report" means a project report relating to such purpose as mentioned in the first proviso to section 14Y, which has been examined, vetted and approved by the appropriate Department of the State Government.'

5. In clause (a) of section 14R of the principal Act, for the words "a local authority or", the words, letters and figures "a local authority or any wholly Government company as defined in section 617 of the Companies Act, 1956, or" shall be substituted.

Amendment of
section 14R.

6. In section 14Y of the principal Act,ô

(1) for the first proviso, the following proviso shall be substituted:ô

"Provided that if the State Government, after having regard to all the circumstances of a case and on the basis of the project report filed by any person, is satisfied that such person requires landô

Amendment of
section 14Y.

(a) for the purpose of establishing a mill, factory or workshop, livestock breeding farm, poultry farm, dairy, industrial park or industrial hub or industrial estate, financial hub, warehousing, tea garden, agro-industry, power plant or power transmission or distribution substation, film city, tourism project, educational and medical institutions, bio-tech park, food park, port, airport, shipyard including shipbuilding and ship-breaking, oil and gas products piped transportation, information and communications technology (ICT)

*The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 2012.***(Section 7.)**

industries and information and communications technology (ICT) allied industries or mining and allied activities; and

(b) for the purpose of future expansion of any such mill, factory or workshop, livestock breeding farm, poultry farm or dairy, industrial park or industrial hub or industrial estate, financial hub, warehousing, agro-industry, power plant or power transmission or distribution substation, film city, tourism project, bio-tech park, food park, port, airport, shipyard including shipbuilding and ship-breaking, information and communications technology (ICT) industries and information and communication technology (ICT) allied industries, such person may, with the previous permission, in writing, of the State Government and on such terms and conditions, and in such manner, as the State Government may, by rules prescribe, acquire and hold land in excess of the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M:";

(2) for the second proviso, the following provisos shall be substituted:ô

"Provided further that such person having been permitted by the State Government to establish an industrial park or industrial hub or industrial estate or financial hub or a bio-tech park or a food park, shall utilize such land and lease out the whole or any part of it with the previous permission of the appropriate Department of the State Government under intimation to the Land and Land Reforms Department, for the purpose for which he has been so permitted to acquire and hold such land to such a person who will set up an unit thereon as per objects of the respective project as approved:

Provided also that if such person fails to utilize such land within three years of the date of such permission granted under the first proviso for the purpose for which he has been so permitted by the State Government and in any case the unit is not set up within the aforesaid period of three years as per objects of the project as mentioned in the second proviso, then, all the provisions of this Chapter relating to ceiling area shall apply to the area of land which is held in excess of the ceiling area applicable to him under section 14M.;"

(3) for **Explanation I**, the following **Explanation** shall be substituted:ô

'Explanation I.ô For the purpose of this section, "person" includes an individual, a firm, a company, an institution, or an association or body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, or a local authority or an authority constituted or established by or under any law for the time being in force.;"

(4) **Explanation II** shall be omitted.

7. In sub-section (1) of section 14Z of the principal Act, for the words "to transfer Amendment of by way of open auction", the words "to transfer by way of open auction for the purposes referred to in the first proviso to section 14Y excluding tea garden" shall be substituted.

By order of the Governor,

B.K. SRIVASTAVA, Secy.-in-charge to the Govt, of West Bengal, Law Department.

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In terms of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 3 read with Schedule I of the West Bengal Transferred Territories (Assimilation of Laws) Act, 1958 (West Ben. Act XIX of 1958), this Act shall extend to, or come into force in, the territories transferred from

¹ Clause (10) was substituted for the original by s. 5(c) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.3.6P. Prior to this substitution, the words "a person or an institution or body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, or a local authority or an authority constituted or established by or under any law for the time being in force", were substituted for the words "a person or holder", by s. 2(iv) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

² For notification relating to appointment of all sub-divisional officers as the officers referred to in section 17(1) of the Act for the areas specified, see notification No. 780 L. Ret., dated 17.1.58 published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary* of 1958, Part I, page 167.

³ Clause (13) was added by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XIX of 1986).

⁴ Section 3 was substituted for the original section by s. 6 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

⁵ Section 3A was first inserted by s. 7. *ibid.* Then, the same was substituted by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of

1986).

Sub-section (2A), originally inserted by s. 3(1) of West Ben. Act XV] J of 1965, was substituted by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1966 (West Ben.
vr ^r

Sub-sections (2A) (which was substituted by s. 3 of West Ben. Act XI of 1966 vide foot-note 1 on page 6. (2B) and (2C) were inserted by s. 3(1) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVII of 1965).

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "a fine not exceeding three hundred rupees, and where the breach is a continuing one, a further fine not exceeding fifty rupees for each day" by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1969 (West Ben. Act XXIII of 1969).

Sub-section (3) of section 4 was omitted by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "shall be sold by the prescribed authority in the prescribed manner" by s. 8(a)(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the word "agriculture" by s. 8(a)(ii), *ibid*, w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 8(a)(iii), *ibid*, w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 8(a) (iv) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981) w.e.f. 7.8.69.

²Sub-section (5) was substituted for the original sub-section by s. 8(b), *ibid*, w.e.f. 7.8.69.

³Section 4A was inserted by s. 4 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965).

Section 4B was first inserted by s. 2 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Ben. Act XXXIII of 1974). Then, the same was substituted by s. 9 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The second proviso was added by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

Sections 4C, 4D and 4E were inserted by s. 1D of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

⁴See footnote 3 on page 593, *ante*.

Proviso added by s. 4 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

⁵Sub-section (3) was added by s. 7(iii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "Revenue Officer"

⁶See **FOOTNOTE** 6 on page 599, *ante*.

The words within the square brackets were substituted for the word "Munsif" by s. 8(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

⁷Sub-section (7) was inserted by s. 11(iii), *ibid*.

The words, figures and brackets within the square brackets were inserted by s. 9 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).
Section 11 was substituted for the original section by s. 5 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XVIII of 1965).
The word within the square brackets was substituted for the word "cultivation" by s. 13(1)(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.
The word "agricultural" was omitted by s. 13(1)(b), *ibid.*, w.e.f. 7.8.69.
The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 13(1)(c), *ibid.*, w.e.f. 7.8.69.

*Sub-section (6) added by s. 13(2) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

*Chapter 14A containing sections 14A to 14I was inserted by s. 7 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Ben. Act XV 111 of 1965).

¹See Foot-note 2 on page 603. *ante*.

-Section 14F was renumbered as sub-section (1) of that section and after section 14F as so renumbered, sub-section (2) was added by s. 16 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

*Section 14FF was inserted by s. 17. *ibid*, w.e.f. 7.8.69.

¹See foot-note 2 on page 603, *ante*.

²The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "to the Collector or district" by s. 12(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

³The figures, letters and words within the square brackets were substituted for the figures and letter "14C" by s. 12(ii), *ibid*.

⁴The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "Collector on appeal shall lie to the Commissioner" by s. 12(iii), *ibid*.

⁵This section was inserted by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1975 (West Ben. Act XIX of 1975). See foot-note 2 on page 603, *ante*.

⁶Chapter II B consisting of Sections 14Y was inserted by s. 13 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

⁷Section 14J was first substituted by s. 15 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981). Thereafter, the same was substituted by s. 5 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

⁸The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words ".from any Slac canal irrigation project or Slac (power driven Jeep tubewell) irrigation project" by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Ben. Act XXXIII of 1974).

⁹The words within the square brackets were substituted for the brackets and words "Slac (power driven deep tubewell) or Simc (power driven shallow tube well)" by s. 19(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.c.f. 7.8.69.

¹⁰The words within the square brackets were substituted for the words "any agricultural" by s. 19(h), *ibid*, w.c.f. 7.8.69.

¹¹Sub-clause (iii) was inserted by s. 6 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

The proviso was inserted by s. 13 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

Section 15 was renumbered as sub-section (1) of this section and alter sub-section

(1) as so renumbered, sub-sections (2) and (3) were inserted by j. **29 of** the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (Weji Ren. Act L of 1981), w.e.f 7.8.69,

Section 15A was inserted by s. 14 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

The words "Sub-divisional Officer", in sub-section (1), were first substituted for the words "Munsif" by s. 18(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972). Thereafter, the word within the square brackets was substituted for the words "Sub-divisional Officer", wherever they occur, by s. 32(a) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981),

w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The words, figures and brackets within the square brackets were substituted for the words and figures "under section 17 or section 18 except where such order was made with the consent of the parties to the dispute." by s. 32(b). *ibid.*

Sub-section (1A) was inserted by s. 32(c). *ibid.*

The proviso was added by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1960 (West Ben. Act VI of 1960).

The second proviso was added by s. 3 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1962 (West Ben. Act XVI of 1962).

Sub-sections (2A) and (2B) were inserted by s. 18(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

Section 8 on page 632. *awe.*

Sub-section (1A) was inserted by s. 33(b) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

Sub-section (2) was substituted for the original sub-section by s. 33(c), *ibid.* Sub-section (3) was omitted by s. 33(d), *ibid.*

The words and figures within the square brackets were substituted for the words and figures "does not exceed 1,214 hectares" by s. 6(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1977 (West Ben. Act XXXIV of 1977).

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 14(b)(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).

The words within the square brackets were inserted by s. 14(b)(ii). *ibid.*

Firstly, in section 49,

(a) the figures and word "1.00 hectare" were substituted for the words "two acres"

by s. 22(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XII of 1972).

(b) the second proviso was added by s. **22(u)**, *ibid.*

Then, section 49 was renumbered as sub-section (1) of this section and after sub-section

(1) as so renumbered, sub-sections (2), (3) and (4) were inserted by s. 6 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Ben. Act XXV of 1972). Thereafter,

there occurred following changes in the aforesaid sub-sections, namely:

(i) sub-section (1) was substituted by s. 2(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1975 (West Ben. Act XXIII of 1975),

(ii) sub-section (2) was substituted by s. 2(ii), *ibid.*, and

(iii) firstly, in sub-section (3), the words "annulling settlement of any land" were substituted for the words "annulling settlement of any land" by s. 2(iv), *ibid.* Thereafter, sub-section (3)

was substituted by s. 5(c) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act,

1980 (West Ben. Act XL of 1980)

Firstly, the figures and word "0.4047 hectare" were substituted for the figures and word " 1.00 hectare" by s. 5(a)(i) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1980 (West Ben. Act XLI of 1980). The reader, the figures and words within the square brackets were substituted for the figures and word "0.4047 hectare" by s. 42 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Ben. Act L of 1981), w.e.f. 7.8.69.

The 'second proviso and the Explanation' were substituted for the original 'proviso and the *Explanation*' by s. 5(a)(ii) of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1980 (West Ben. Act XLI of 1980).

Section 5 IBB was inserted by s. 13 of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Ben. Act XXXV of 1986).